

Orbis Global Equity

In past quarters we have observed the narrowness in world stockmarkets, along with the astonishing fact that a passive global equity portfolio beat 92% of randomly picked portfolios last year. That narrowness has been propelled by the Magnificent Seven technology shares in the US—Microsoft, Apple, Alphabet, Nvidia, Amazon, Meta, and Tesla. For the most part, we haven't owned them. But in the middle of the Global Equity Strategy's top ten holdings, one of the Seven does stick out: Alphabet.

At the right price, we would fill the portfolio with the rest. Orbis Global first owned Alphabet (then just called Google) in late 2008, and the Strategy has held it cumulatively for over a decade on and off since then. We have also held Microsoft, Apple, Amazon, and Meta before. But while several of the Seven are now regarded as unassailably successful, sentiment has been less rosy for Alphabet. For us, that is part of the appeal.

The sceptical view of Alphabet goes something like this. Microsoft and its partner Open AI have eaten Google's lunch on artificial intelligence (AI), which will become the key capability for all technology businesses, including internet search. Employees worry that shareholders dominate the company's culture, while shareholders worry it has been dominated by overly political employees and a thick layer of middle managers.

It is easy to understand the scepticism on Google's AI efforts. In November 2022, Open AI launched ChatGPT, and the next February, Microsoft announced it would incorporate ChatGPT into its Bing search engine. Microsoft CEO Satya Nadella took explicit aim at Google, noting that Bing could win market share and profits even while driving down the profit margins of all internet search players. The next day, Google previewed its own AI bot, called Bard, which spectacularly flopped.

That paints a scary picture for Google's prospects, particularly Nadella's search salvo, which calls to mind Jeff Bezos' quip that "your profit margin is my opportunity". But it is easy to overstate Google's challenges.

Most importantly, chat apps do not produce better results for all searches. We see this in the numbers, where both ChatGPT and Bing have lower weekly retention rates than Google Search. While ChatGPT's app and website have raced ahead of other AI competitors, they have added just 20 million daily users over the past year, bringing the total to 50 million. That sounds big, but Google has 800 million daily users on its mobile app and 1.6 *billion* on its Chrome web browser. Comparing search against search, you have to squint to see Bing's inroads. On mobile, Bing has less than one daily user for every thousand Google users, and on desktop, Bing's share of daily searches is just 4%—up a grand total of 0.4 percentage points from the pre-ChatGPT days. Neither challenger has stopped Google from growing, and its search volumes and ad revenues are both up about 10% over the past year.

In its latest earnings report, Google laid some of these demons to rest, materially increasing our conviction in its fundamentals. After embedding AI into its own "search generative experience", Google's search engagement is *up* (because users are getting better answers), its search profit margins are *up* (because advertisers are following users), and its cost to serve AI queries is *down* (by 80% since their initial introduction). We took this as encouraging evidence that Google is not just surviving in an AI world, but thriving. The market agreed, sending the shares up roughly 15% since that earnings report.

And Google's core business remains attractive for other reasons. Even today, digital advertising accounts for less than 60% of total US ad spending, and less than half in other developed markets. Digital ads should continue to take share from traditional television advertising, boosted by the far-better relevance and returns on investment for marketers. That in turn should allow Google's core advertising revenues to keep growing for years to come.

That does not mean Google can coast. In a few areas, it clearly needs to improve, including in its AI products. The company has already fixed the most glaring problems with Gemini (the new Bard), explaining that the model was improperly calibrated. That may be true, but it is hard to dismiss the idea that Gemini's output has been skewed by the political priorities of Google's outspoken staff.

Still, we believe Google will continue to improve. Proficiency in AI boils down to engineering talent, access to cutting-edge computer chips, and large data sets on which to train the AI models. Google has all three.

While the company was slower to launch consumer AI apps than OpenAI and Microsoft, that is not for a lack of ability. The company has been developing AI for years, and experts across the tech world regard Google's AI engineering prowess as first class, backed up by the company's 58% share of citations for academic papers on AI. Google can back up that engineering ability with computing power, as one of the handful of companies that can afford to deploy Nvidia's leading AI chips at scale. Rarer still, Google has even developed an in-house AI chip with competitive performance to Nvidia's. Nor will data be a problem. Google's decades-long dominance of search gives it access to a trove no competitor could hope to amass today. As the company refines Gemini, we believe it should be seen as more competitive with ChatGPT, helping to stave off any threats to the search business.

Orbis Global Equity (*continued*)

If AI isn't likely to threaten Google's profitability, its expenses still could. There, the company has lagged peers like Meta in managing its sprawling workforce. Though Alphabet did conduct layoffs in 2023, it still has 15% more full-time employees today than it did in 2021, while Meta's full-time headcount is smaller.

Meta's experience is instructive. 18 months ago, the company was perceived as unfocused, bloated, burning money on unprofitable initiatives, and sloppy at executing—all criticisms that have been levelled at Google today. After reducing its workforce, Meta is now seen as focused and disciplined, and it seems to be executing better as a result. If Meta's example is any indication, any improvement from Google could be well-rewarded by stockmarkets.

Alphabet, to its credit, is not ignoring shareholders. Last year, the company bought back \$61.5 billion of its own stock, reducing its share count by 3.3% even after awards to employees. We expect the company to buy back around \$70 billion this year, suggesting an ongoing "shareholder yield" of about 3%. That is remarkable for a company of Alphabet's quality.

We look at the math the following way. Alphabet earned \$74 billion last year, but that is weighed down by severance expenses and losses in the "other bets" segment focused on nascent opportunities. Excluding those losses, we see the company trading at 22 times trailing core earnings, to say nothing of the \$79 billion of net cash on its balance sheet. That valuation is only a hair above the multiple of the broader S&P 500, and in relative terms it is unusually low for Alphabet. In our view, Alphabet deserves more of the premium it usually has. This is a business with returns on equity and net profit margins of over 20%, both well above the market average, with above-average growth prospects to boot. If the valuation stays where it is and the company can grow at even 10% per annum, growth and free cash flow alone should drive a near-15% p.a. long-term return.

That growth potential is supported by Alphabet's commanding positions in several big businesses. Its core search business is unique, and its YouTube unit is unique in the West. Alongside OpenAI, Alphabet is one of two leaders in AI services; alongside Nvidia, it is one of two in AI accelerator chips; alongside Apple, Android is one of two mobile operating systems; and behind Amazon and Microsoft, Google is one of three hyperscale cloud services operators. Each of these businesses is valuable and has extraordinary potential—but that is often lost as investors focus excessively on threats to the search business.

The company does have its risks, however. AI could prove more disruptive than we expect. Advertising spending is cyclical, so if the US economy slows or crashes, Alphabet won't be immune. But weighing up the risks against the price and the quality of the business, Alphabet looks reasonable to us, and it also brings diversification to the portfolio, as its share price behaves differently to many of our other holdings.

Alphabet's more magnificently valued brethren would also bring that diversification, but while we appreciate the fundamental quality of the others, we see less to like in their share prices. Microsoft, for example, has similar growth potential and returns on equity to US payments and fuel card business Corpay (formerly Fleetcor), yet trades at double the valuation. To sustain the 15% p.a. growth rate markets expect on its \$86 billion profit base, Microsoft must add roughly another Coca-Cola in profits every year. On its \$100 billion profit base, Apple must add a Wells Fargo in profits this year to sustain its growth, and the climb gets harder from there.

Perhaps Microsoft and Apple can achieve those feats. They are great companies. But we would prefer to invest where expectations are lower: in shares like Corpay, US managed care organisations, quality industrial companies, banks in Korea and Europe—or even Alphabet.

Commentary contributed by Ben Preston, Orbis Portfolio Management (Europe) LLP, London

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.

Alphabet: less magnificently priced than peers

Price-earnings ratios, using consensus estimates

	Price / 1-year forward earnings	Price / 3-year forward earnings
Alphabet	22.5	18.3
Nvidia	39.9	29.2
Apple	29.6	25.9
Microsoft	33.6	29.1
Amazon	37.4	26.1
Meta	23.3	18.9
Tesla	66.7	45.2

Source: LSEG Data & Analytics. Earnings estimates for Alphabet's price-earnings ratio do not exclude losses from Other Bets.

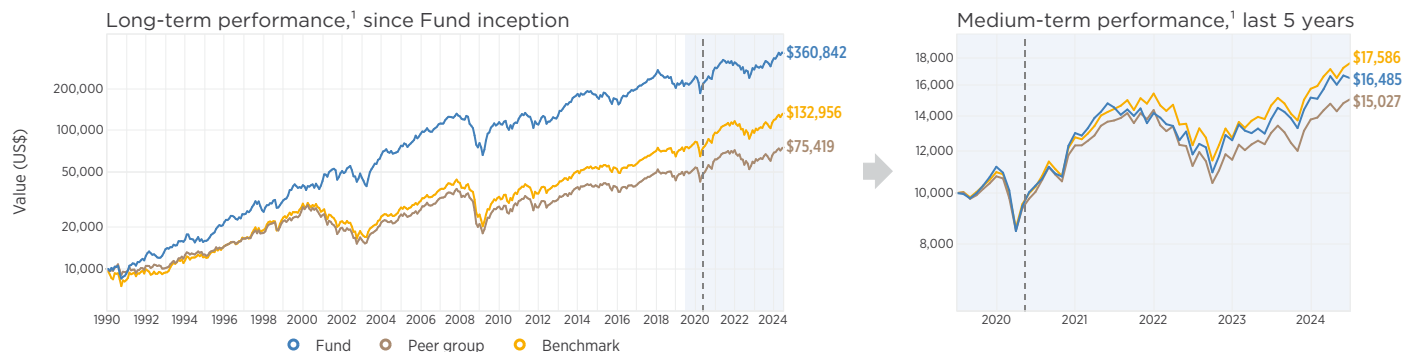
Orbis Global Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

The Fund is designed to be exposed to all of the risks and rewards of selected global equities. It aims to earn higher returns than world stockmarkets, without greater risk of loss. The performance fee benchmark ("Benchmark") of the Class is the MSCI World Index, including income, after withholding taxes ("MSCI World Index"). Currency exposure is managed separately to equity exposure.

Price	US\$360.61	Benchmark	MSCI World Index
Pricing currency	US dollars	Peer group	Average Global Equity Fund Index
Domicile	Bermuda	Fund size	US\$5.9 billion
Type	Open-ended mutual fund	Fund inception	1 January 1990
Minimum investment	US\$50,000	Strategy size	US\$22.2 billion
Dealing	Daily	Strategy inception	1 January 1990
Entry/exit fees	None	Class inception	14 May 2020
ISIN	BMG6766GI244		

Growth of US\$10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



The Shared Investor RRF Class (A) inception on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above), but the Class continued to charge the fee that the Investor Share Class would have charged, reduced by 0.3% per annum,² with reference to the FTSE World Index, including income, before withholding taxes ("FTSE World Index") from inception to 15 May 2023. Information for the Fund for the period before the inception of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) relates to the Investor Share Class. Information for the Benchmark for the period before 15 May 2023 relates to the FTSE World Index.

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Annualised	<i>Net</i>		<i>Gross</i>
Since Fund inception	11.0	6.0	7.8
30 years	11.1	6.1	8.3
10 years	6.5	6.3	9.4
5 years	10.5	8.5	11.9
Since Class inception	Class	Peer group	Benchmark
Since Class inception	15.0	13.0	16.7
3 years	4.3	3.1	6.9
1 year	19.6	15.7	20.2
Not annualised			
Calendar year to date	8.9	9.2	11.7
3 months	(0.8)	1.9	2.6
1 month	(1.1)		2.0
		Year	Net %
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception		2003	45.7
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception		2008	(35.9)

Risk Measures¹, since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	50	52	54
Months to recovery	42	73	66
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	16.6	14.5	15.4
Beta vs Benchmark	0.9	0.9	1.0
Tracking error vs Benchmark (%)	8.7	4.1	0.0

Portfolio Concentration & Characteristics

% of NAV in top 25 holdings	64
Total number of holdings	63
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	41
12 month name turnover (%)	36
Active share (%)	92

Geographical & Currency Allocation (%)

Region	Equity	Currency	Benchmark
Developed Markets	81	93	100
United States	49	49	72
United Kingdom	15	10	4
Continental Europe	8	12	13
Japan	6	14	6
Other	3	8	6
Emerging Markets	15	7	0
<i>Net Current Assets</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>
Total	100	100	100

Top 10 Holdings

	MSCI Sector	%
UnitedHealth Group	Health Care	5.0
Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	Financials	4.8
Interactive Brokers Group	Financials	3.9
Alphabet	Communication Services	3.5
Shell	Energy	3.1
GXO Logistics	Industrials	3.1
British American Tobacco	Consumer Staples	3.1
Global Payments	Financials	2.8
BAE Systems	Industrials	2.6
KB Financial Group	Financials	2.6
Total		34.6

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Ongoing charges	0.85
<i>Base fee</i>	<i>0.80</i>
<i>Fund expenses</i>	<i>0.05</i>
Performance fee/(refund)	0.08
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.93

As at 30 Jun 2024, the Class was in Reserve Recovery and 2.4% outperformance net of base fee would be required before any further performance fees become payable.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk. See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

¹ Fund data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the Investor Share Class. Benchmark data for the period before 15 May 2023 relates to the FTSE World Index.
² This 0.3% per annum reduction was provided because investors in the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) are subject to an additional administrative fee, as they separately agree with Allan Gray Proprietary Limited (or one of its affiliates) from time to time.

Orbis Global Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited
Fund Inception date	1 January 1990
Class Inception date (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	14 May 2020
Number of shares (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	3,426,494
Income distributions during the last 12 months	None

Fund Objective and Benchmark

The Fund is designed for investors who have made the “asset allocation” decision to invest a predetermined amount in global equities. It seeks higher returns than the average of the world’s equity markets, without greater risk of loss. A benchmark is used by the Fund for two purposes: performance comparison (the “Fund Benchmark”) and performance fee calculation (the “Performance Fee Benchmark”). The Fund Benchmark is the FTSE World Index, including income, before the deduction of withholding taxes (“FTSE World Index”). The Performance Fee Benchmark of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) is the MSCI World Index, including income and after deduction of withholding taxes.

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund’s Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and seeks to remain virtually fully invested in and exposed to global stockmarkets. It invests in equities considered to offer superior fundamental value. These equities are selected using extensive proprietary investment research. Orbis devotes a substantial proportion of its business efforts to detailed “bottom up” investment research conducted with a long-term perspective, believing that such research makes superior long-term performance attainable. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity’s fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes that over the long term, equity investing based on this approach offers superior returns and reduces the risk of loss. The Fund may, to the extent permitted by its investment restrictions, also periodically hold cash and cash equivalents when Orbis believes this to be consistent with the Fund’s investment objective.

Exchange rate fluctuations significantly influence global investment returns. For this reason, part of Orbis’ research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, Orbis actively reviews the Fund’s currency exposure. In doing so, Orbis places particular focus on managing the Fund’s exposure to those currencies considered less likely to hold their long-term value. The Fund’s currency deployment therefore frequently differs significantly from the geographic deployment of its selected equities.

The Fund does not seek to mirror the Fund Benchmark but may instead deviate meaningfully from it in pursuit of superior long-term capital appreciation.

The net returns of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from its inception on 14 May 2020, stitched with the net returns of the Investor Share Class from the Fund’s inception to 14 May 2020, have outperformed the stitched Performance Fee Benchmarks of the respective classes. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its long-term objective.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund’s Prospectus, the Fund’s various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Investment Manager’s interests with those of investors in the Fund.

The Shared Investor RRF Class (A)’s management fee is charged as follows:

- **Base Fee:** Calculated and accrued daily at a rate of 0.8% per annum of the Class’ net asset value. Investors separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates.
- **Refundable Performance Fee:** When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and an additional 0.3% per annum, which is deemed to be representative of the aforementioned administrative fee) beats the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the outperformance is paid into a reserve and reinvested into the Fund. If the value of the reserve is positive on any dealing day, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee in an amount capped at the lesser of an annualised rate of (a) one-third of the reserve’s net asset value and (b) 2.5% of the net asset value of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). Fees paid from the reserve to the Investment Manager are not available to be refunded as described below.

When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and the aforementioned additional 0.3% per annum) trails the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the underperformance is refunded from the reserve to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). If at any time sufficient value does not exist in the reserve to provide the refund, a reserve recovery mark is set, and subsequent underperformance is tracked. Such relative losses must be recovered before any outperformance results in any payment to the reserve.

Prior to 15 May 2023, the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) charged the fee that the Investor Share Class would have charged, reduced by 0.3% per annum, with reference to the FTSE World Index. Numerous investors switched to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from the Investor Share Class. This temporary measure ensured that the fees paid by investors accounted for underperformance experienced by the Investor Share Class before the inception date of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A).

Please review the Fund’s prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund’s other share classes.

Orbis Global Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

In addition to the fees payable to its Investment Manager, the Fund bears operating costs, including the costs of maintaining its stock exchange listing, Bermuda government fees, legal and auditing fees, reporting expenses, the cost of preparing its Prospectus and communication costs. Finally, the Fund incurs costs when buying or selling underlying investments. Operating costs (excluding the Investment Manager’s fees, the cost of buying and selling assets, interest and brokerage charges and certain taxes) attributable to the Fund’s Shared Investor RRF Class (A) are currently capped at 0.15% per annum of the net asset value of that class.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Investment Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.40% of the net asset value of the Fund’s shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Fund is designed for investors who have made the “asset allocation” decision to invest a predetermined amount in global equities.
- Investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an equity investment’s attractiveness using a three-to-five year time horizon.

Changes in the Fund’s Top 10 Holdings

31 March 2024	%	30 June 2024	%
Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	5.5	UnitedHealth Group	5.0
UnitedHealth Group	3.6	Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	4.8
Interactive Brokers Group	3.5	Interactive Brokers Group	3.9
Global Payments	3.4	Alphabet	3.5
GXO Logistics	3.2	Shell	3.1
Sumitomo Mitsui Fin.	3.1	GXO Logistics	3.1
Alphabet	3.1	British American Tobacco	3.1
British American Tobacco	2.9	Global Payments	2.8
Shell	2.8	BAE Systems	2.6
BAE Systems	2.8	KB Financial Group	2.6
Total	34.0	Total	34.6

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor’s capital is at risk.

Orbis Global Equity Fund

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including Prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund's Custodian is Citibank N.A., New York Offices, 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10013, U.S.A. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund's Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the Investor Share Class(es), on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (b) on the last business day of each month and/or (c) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a) or (b), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund's prospectus) without notice. Share prices are calculated for the (i) Standard Share Class(es), (ii) Standard Share Class(es) (A), (iii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) and (iv) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) (A) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each business day and/or (b) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund's prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund's current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated every dealing day, are available:

- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es) (A) and Standard Share Class(es) (A), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited's website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es), Standard Share Class(es), and Investor Share Class(es), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Weekly prices can be obtained via e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a \$10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The Investment Manager provides no guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund's returns. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors' performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case of transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund's net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund's Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided "as is" and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund's Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

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Orbis Japan Equity

With the Topix up over 50% since the start of 2023, it would be reasonable to ask whether Japan's resurgence has further to go. In the decade or so since the late Shinzo Abe announced his three arrows of economic rejuvenation, we have seen several waves of Japan enthusiasm swell up only to peter out. It seems right to question whether this time is any different.

Predicting where the stockmarket will go next is not how we spend our time, nor where we have any edge. But from our bottom-up, stock-by-stock perspective, the shift in mindset we see at many Japanese companies appears to foreshadow longer-lasting changes.

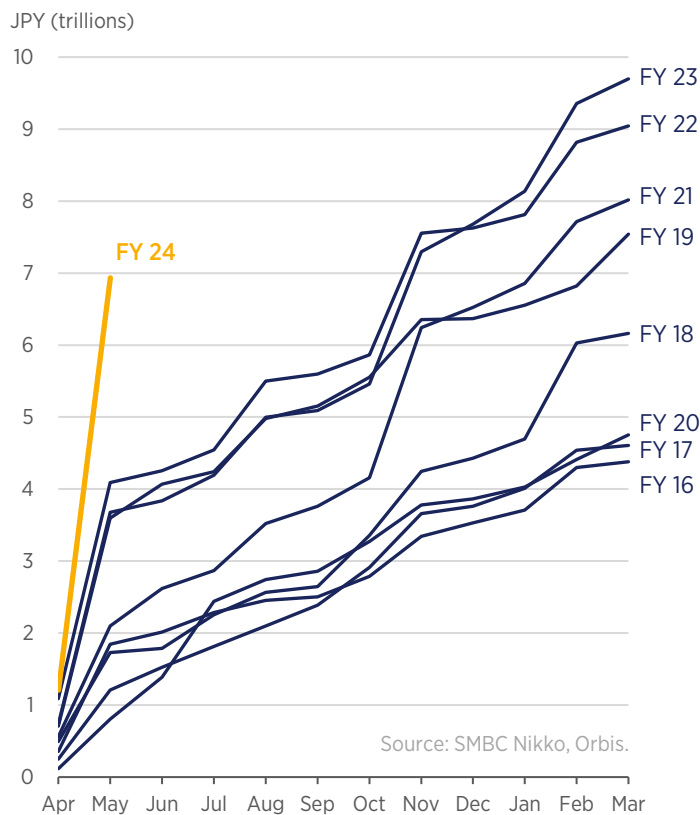
One area where we have seen a step-change has been in stock buybacks. Japanese firms notoriously amass far bigger cash piles than their Western peers, and as that cash generates negligible income, it depresses the companies' return on equity. Buybacks let companies shed excess equity, which can mechanically improve return on the remaining outstanding equity as well as enhance their earnings per share, helping to earn a higher valuation for their stock. This makes buybacks a good tool for "self-help" as the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) ratchets up the pressure on firms to improve their capital efficiency.

In the past, attitudes towards buybacks were reluctant to say the least. Many management teams preferred to keep big rainy-day funds in case of emergency, while others preferred to spend on empire building or costly acquisitions. Too many still do.

But in recent years, and particularly since the TSE reforms of 2023, we are seeing attitudes slowly beginning to shift. Japanese management teams are becoming more open to engaging with investors, and more willing to take tentative steps to improve their companies' valuations. The latest results season saw a huge jump in the value of share buybacks announced—almost double the value compared to the same time last year.

Buybacks this year are off to a flying start

Share buyback announcements by financial year (FY)



of ¥50bn (8% of market cap). We were encouraged by management's boldness, and the market seemed to agree with us. On the day of the announcement, Koito's share price shot up by 25%, its daily limit.

In early May, the company went a step further, clarifying that it actually expected to return approximately ¥350bn to shareholders over five years. At the current share price, this means Koito intends to return 50% of its market cap to shareholders in just half a decade.

A significant chunk (just under 5% by value) of this year's buyback announcements came from Honda Motor, a top holding in the Orbis Japan Strategy. Honda is no stranger to buybacks, having steadily reduced its share count over the past 20 years. Since mid-2022, that pace has quickened, with the company buying back 6% of shares outstanding since then and announcing a further buyback worth 3.6% of its market value this quarter.

While Honda announced one of the largest buybacks by value this year, some smaller companies have gobbled up a bigger portion of their own shares—actions that have attracted less attention from investors.

Koito Manufacturing is one such company. Koito, like Honda, operates within Japan's gigantic automotive sector. But they don't make the cars, they specialise in making the headlights.

While Koito is a lesser-known name, we think it's a prime example of the opportunity we see for companies to realise their full potential through operational and capital efficiency improvements.

In late March, Koito announced its first-ever mid-term plan, and indicated how they intend to put their balance sheet to work. The plan included an aspiration to return at least ¥200bn—nearly 30% of its current market value—in shareholder returns over the next five years. This included an immediate share buyback

Orbis Japan Equity (*continued*)

Given this positive news, you would be forgiven for thinking that Koito's valuation would now be buoyant, and the stock would rank among our biggest winners. Not so. In 2024, Koito's shares have lagged the rising Topix by 15%. Today the stock trades roughly at book value, and for less than 16 times estimates of this year's earnings. That is despite the fact that Koito's balance sheet is stuffed with cash worth 40% of its market value, and investment securities worth a further 20%.

Such a low valuation might ordinarily suggest a company whose future prospects look bleak. While we think that's far from the truth, there may be some headwinds for Koito in the short term. Auto production in Japan has recently turned sluggish, and China—a key market for Koito—has been persistently weak. In the US, Koito has been struggling to boost margins amid higher costs, and productivity has been low amid a tight labour market. As a result, the company's operating profit margin today is less than half what it achieved in 2018-19.

But as value-oriented investors with a long-term outlook, we try to see through the short-term fog. Over the long term, we think Koito's future is bright.

While other car parts have become cheap and commoditised, lighting has been an attractive industry. Cars only need two headlamps, but headlamps alone account for around 60% of the value of all lights in the car. And as technology has progressed from halogen to LEDs to adaptive driving beams that adjust automatically as you drive, companies like Koito have been able to differentiate and add value. Better performance requires better technology and designs, increasing the expertise required to make Koito's headlamps—and the prices Koito gets for them.

As a global leader in headlamps, Koito is a trusted long-term partner for carmakers seeking to stand out in design and functionality. Thanks to its advanced technology and cost competitiveness, Koito is successfully expanding beyond its core Japanese customer base, winning market share with American, Indian, and even Chinese manufacturers, including BYD. And while margins have fallen from the highs of recent years, we see ample room for them to recover. Upfront expenses tied to new customers will fade, and Koito has scope to rationalise its overseas cost structure and invest more in automation. There's also potential for further capital efficiency enhancements down the road. While Koito has begun to address its huge cash pile, management did not address the company's large holdings of investment securities in their mid-term plan. As management embarks on the first few steps to optimising the company's capital structure, we see a long path ahead.

We believe Koito is a great example of the improvements underway in Japan today. But perhaps more excitingly, it is not an exceptional case. We've seen a wave of share buyback announcements across many companies we hold in the Orbis Japan Strategy.

In May, property developer Mitsubishi Estate revamped its capital allocation policy to include a progressive dividend and a commitment to buy back ~2.5% of shares outstanding for each of the next three years. Oil and gas producer Inpex announced a comprehensive improvement last August, which it boosted last month with a buyback worth 3% of its market cap. Life insurer T&D Holdings this quarter announced a buyback worth 4% of its market cap. Dividend payouts are also on the rise, and T&D has recently committed to unwinding cross-shareholdings (worth a sixth of its market value) by 2031.

We see similar trends across the portfolio: Japan Petroleum Exploration, Stanley Electric, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Holdings, Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Nippon Television Holdings, Suzuken, Persol Holdings, TechnoPro Holdings, Sohgo Security Services and Unipres are all buying, or have announced plans to buy back shares, and many others are ramping up their dividends.

Despite all these announcements, we believe each of these companies can afford to do much more, and what we are seeing are just the first movers of what will be a longer lasting trend. In a country that prizes consensus, we expect those companies that are yet to announce plans to improve (of which there are plenty in Orbis Japan!), will begin to feel the heat as their peers start to leave them behind.

Crucially, the opportunity to “self-help” through buybacks or increased dividend payouts is not available to all companies. While in aggregate, Japanese companies are under levered, there are many companies with significant amounts of debt. Japan remains a market ripe for active stockpickers who have the luxury of being able to identify those stocks that stand to benefit.

Commentary contributed by Alex Bowles, Orbis Portfolio Management (Europe) LLP, London

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.

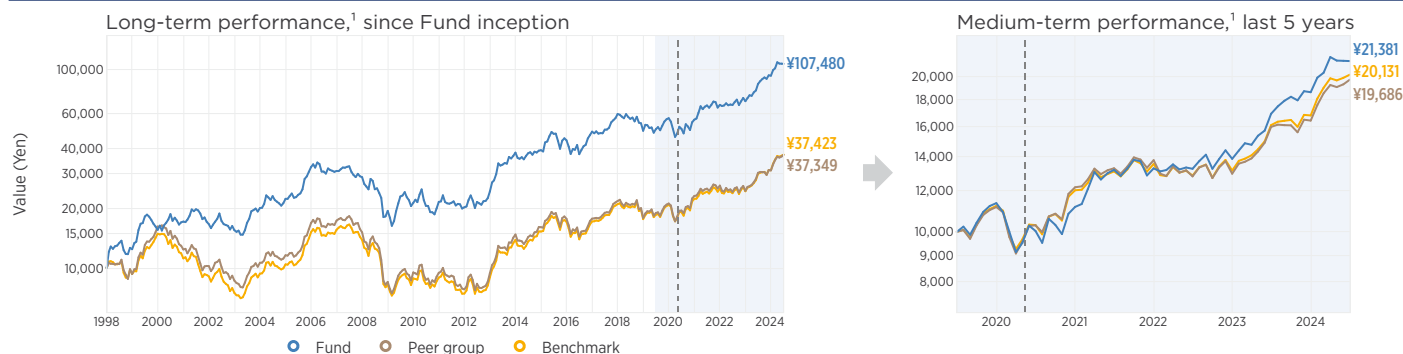
Orbis SICAV Japan Equity (Yen) Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

The Fund is actively managed and designed to be exposed to all of the risks and rewards of selected Japanese equities and seeks higher returns than the Japanese stockmarket, without greater risk of loss. It is predominantly exposed to the Japanese yen. The performance fee benchmark ("Benchmark") of the Class is the Tokyo Stock Price Index, including income, net of withholding taxes ("TOPIX (net)").

Price	¥10,748	Benchmark	TOPIX (net)
Pricing currency	Japanese yen	Peer group	Average Japan Equity Fund Index
Domicile	Luxembourg	Fund size	¥295 billion
Type	SICAV	Fund inception	1 January 1998
Minimum investment	US\$50,000	Strategy size	¥521 billion
Dealing	Daily	Strategy inception	1 January 1998
Entry/exit fees	None	Class inception	14 May 2020
ISIN	LU2122431245	UCITS compliant	Yes

Growth of ¥10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



The Shared Investor RRF Class (A) inceptioned on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above). Information for the period before the inception of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) relates to the Investor Share Class and its relevant benchmark, the Tokyo Stock Price Index, including income, gross of withholding taxes ("TOPIX (gross)").

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Annualised	<i>Net</i>		<i>Gross</i>
Since Fund inception	9.4	5.1	5.1
25 years	7.4	4.3	4.6
10 years	11.0	10.0	10.6
5 years	16.4	14.5	15.0
Class	Peer group	Benchmark	
Since Class inception	22.1	19.4	19.8
3 years	17.5	14.0	15.4
1 year	26.4	23.4	25.1
Not annualised			
Calendar year to date	14.8	20.0	19.9
3 months	(1.8)	2.4	1.7
1 month	(0.1)		1.4
	Year	Net %	
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception	2013	57.0	
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception	2008	(32.4)	

Risk Measures,¹ since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	52	59	56
Months to recovery	90	95	93
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	17.6	17.6	17.0
Beta vs Benchmark	0.9	1.0	1.0
Tracking error vs Benchmark (%)	8.8	2.5	0.0

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Ongoing charges	0.91
Base fee	0.80
Fund expenses	0.11
Performance fee/(refund)	(0.49)
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.42

As at 30 Jun 2024, performance fees of 0.1% of the Class' NAV were available for refund in the event of subsequent underperformance.

Sector Allocation (%)

Sector	Fund	Benchmark
Consumer Non-Durables	40	24
Cyclicals	36	34
Financials	9	14
Technology	7	20
Information and Communications	6	7
Utilities	0	1
Net Current Assets	2	0
Total	100	100

Top 10 Holdings

	Sector	%
Asahi Group Holdings	Consumer Non-Durables	9.5
Kubota	Cyclicals	5.3
Sundrug	Consumer Non-Durables	5.2
Koito Manufacturing	Technology	5.0
TSURUHA Holdings	Consumer Non-Durables	4.8
Sugi Holdings	Consumer Non-Durables	4.4
INPEX	Cyclicals	3.6
GMO Internet Group	Information and Communications	3.6
T&D Holdings	Financials	3.5
Honda Motor	Cyclicals	3.3
Total		48.3

Portfolio Concentration & Characteristics

% of NAV in top 25 holdings	83
Total number of holdings	45
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	58
12 month name turnover (%)	18
Active share (%)	91

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.

See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

¹ Data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the Investor Share Class and its relevant benchmark, the TOPIX (gross).

Orbis SICAV Japan Equity (Yen) Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Manager	Orbis Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited
Fund Inception date	1 January 1998
Class Inception date (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	14 May 2020
Number of shares (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	317,444
Income distributions during the last 12 months	None

Fund Objective and Benchmark

The Yen Classes of the Fund seek higher returns in yen than the Japanese stockmarket, without greater risk of loss. A benchmark is used by the Fund for two purposes: performance comparison (the “Fund Benchmark”) and performance fee calculation (the “Performance Fee Benchmark”). The Fund Benchmark is the Tokyo Stock Price Index, including income, gross of withholding taxes (“TOPIX (gross)”). The Performance Fee Benchmark of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) is the Tokyo Stock Price Index, including income, net of withholding taxes (“TOPIX (net)”).

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund’s Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and is designed to be exposed to all the risks and rewards of selected Japanese equities. The Fund identifies as Japanese equities those equities of companies which are domiciled in Japan, whose securities trade on a Japanese stockmarket or whose business is primarily located in or linked to Japan. These equities are selected using extensive proprietary investment research undertaken by the Investment Manager and its investment advisors. Orbis devotes a substantial proportion of its business efforts to detailed “bottom up” investment research conducted with a long-term perspective, believing that such research makes superior long-term performance attainable. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity’s fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes that over the long term, equity investing based on this approach offers superior returns and reduces the risk of loss.

All share classes invest in a portfolio of Japanese equities selected by the Investment Manager. The currency exposure of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) remains as fully exposed to the yen as practicable. In addition, the Fund may, to the extent permitted by its investment restrictions, also periodically hold cash and cash equivalents when Orbis believes this to be consistent with the Fund’s investment objective.

The Fund does not seek to mirror the TOPIX (gross)/(net) and may deviate meaningfully from them in pursuit of superior long-term capital appreciation.

The net returns of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from its inception on 14 May 2020, stitched with the net returns of the Investor Share Class from the Fund’s inception to 14 May 2020, have outperformed the stitched Performance Fee Benchmarks of the respective classes. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its long-term objective.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Fund is aimed at investors who are seeking a portfolio the objective of which is to invest in, and be exposed to, Japanese equities.
- Investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an equity investment’s attractiveness using a three-to-five year time horizon.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund’s Prospectus, the Fund’s various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Manager’s and Investment Manager’s interests with those of investors in the Fund.

The Shared Investor RRF Class (A)’s management fee is charged as follows:

- **Base Fee:** Calculated and accrued daily at a rate of 0.8% per annum of the Class’ net asset value. Investors separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates.
- **Refundable Performance Fee:** When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and an additional 0.3% per annum, which is deemed to be representative of the aforementioned administrative fee) beats the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the outperformance is paid into a reserve and reinvested into the Fund. If the value of the reserve is positive on any dealing day, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee in an amount capped at the lesser of an annualised rate of (a) one-third of the reserve’s net asset value and (b) 2.5% of the net asset value of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). Fees paid from the reserve to the Investment Manager are not available to be refunded as described below.

When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and the aforementioned additional 0.3% per annum) trails the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the underperformance is refunded from the reserve to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). If at any time sufficient value does not exist in the reserve to provide the refund, a reserve recovery mark is set, and subsequent underperformance is tracked. Such related losses must be recovered before any outperformance results in any payment to the reserve.

Please review the Fund’s prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund’s other share classes.

Orbis SICAV Japan Equity (Yen) Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

The relevant class within the Fund bears all expenses payable by such class, which shall include but not be limited to fees payable to its Manager, Investment Manager and additional service providers, fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining governmental registrations, taxes, duties and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets. However, the Manager and the Investment Manager have agreed that in the current calendar year, except for specified exclusions, operating expenses attributable to the Fund’s Shared Investor RRF Class (A) will be capped at 0.20%. Please refer to the Fund’s Prospectus for a description of the fee cap applicable to its other share classes. Each cap will be automatically extended for further successive one year periods unless terminated by the Manager or the Investment Manager at least three months prior to the end of the then current term. The operating expenses that are capped are all expenses, excluding the Manager’s and Investment Managers’ fees described above under “Management Fee,” the cost of buying and selling assets, interest and brokerage charges, and certain taxes.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.25% of the net asset value of the Fund’s shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Changes in the Fund’s Top 10 Holdings

31 March 2024	%	30 June 2024	%
Asahi Group Holdings	9.8	Asahi Group Holdings	9.5
Koito Manufacturing	5.5	Kubota	5.3
Kubota	5.5	Sundrug	5.2
Mitsubishi Estate	5.3	Koito Manufacturing	5.0
Sundrug	5.2	TSURUHA Holdings	4.8
Sugi Holdings	5.0	Sugi Holdings	4.4
TSURUHA Holdings	4.2	INPEX	3.6
Japan Petroleum Exploration	3.9	GMO Internet Group	3.6
Yamato Kogyo	3.8	T&D Holdings	3.5
Sumitomo Electric Industries	3.5	Honda Motor	3.3
Total	51.7	Total	48.3

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor’s capital is at risk.

Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund

Orbis SICAV Semi-Annual Report

This report contains only some of the information included in the semi-annual report of the Orbis SICAV (the “Company”) as at 30 June 2024. The semi-annual report will be available upon request and free of charge at the registered office of the Company within two months following 30 June.

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including Prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund’s Depository is Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch, 31 Z.A. Bourmicht, L-8070 Bertrange, Luxembourg. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund’s Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the Investor Share Class(es), on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (b) on the last business day of each month and/or (c) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a) or (b), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund’s prospectus) without notice. Share prices are calculated for the (i) Standard Share Class(es), (ii) Standard Share Class(es) (A), (iii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) and (iv) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) (A) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each business day and/or (b) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund’s prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund’s current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated every dealing day, are available:

- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es) (A) and Standard Share Class(es) (A), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited’s website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es), Standard Share Class(es), and Investor Share Class(es), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Weekly prices can be obtained via e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a ¥10,000 or €10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Neither the Manager nor the Investment Manager provides any guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund’s returns. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors’ performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund’s net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund’s Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided “as is” and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Information

Prior to 29 November 2002 the Investor Share Class of the Orbis SICAV Japan Equity (Yen) Fund was a British Virgin Islands investment company, Orbis Japan Equity (Yen) Fund Limited.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund’s Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

TOPIX: JPX Market Innovation & Research, Inc. TOPIX hedged into US\$ and euro are calculated by Orbis using an industry-standard methodology using the TOPIX which is in yen. No further distribution of the TOPIX data is permitted.

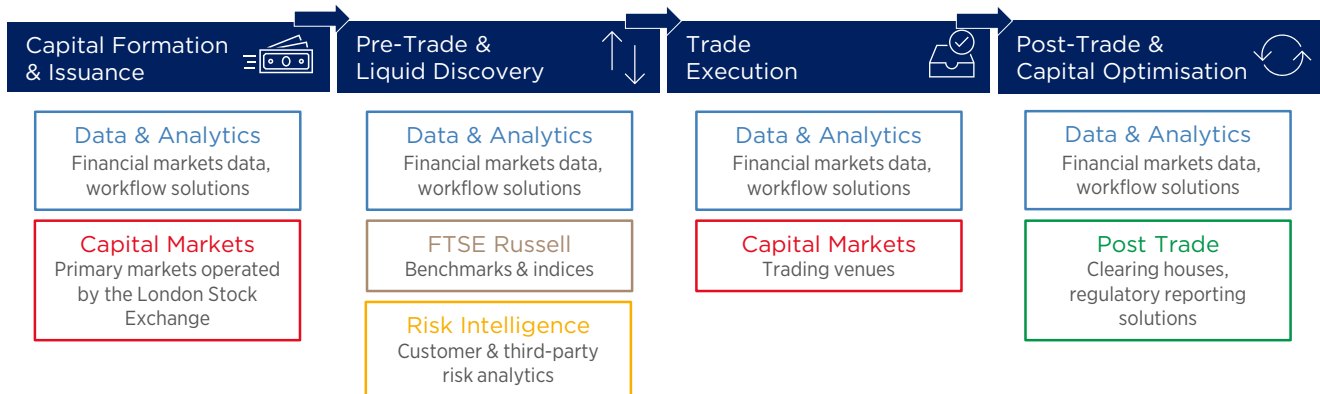
Average Fund data source and peer group ranking data source: © 2024 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. Such information (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. The latest average fund indices provided by Morningstar are for 20 June 2024. To allow comparison of returns to a common date we have extended the average equity and multi-asset class fund indices to reflect the subsequent movement of the applicable benchmark indices. Average fund returns are not shown for periods of a month or less as high price volatility and late fund reporting regularly cause them to be significantly restated by Morningstar.

Orbis Optimal

Last quarter, we highlighted Diageo as an appealing idiosyncratic stock within the Orbis Optimal portfolio. This quarter, we are continuing our deep dive into the portfolio by examining another compelling name: the London Stock Exchange Group (LSEG). Most associate LSEG with the eponymous London Stock Exchange but the exchange contributes no more than a low single digit percentage of the revenues at LSEG. Five key divisions generate the majority of the revenues and profits at LSEG; these divisions are connected businesses that operate across the financial value chain from pre-trading data and analytics to post-trade clearing and reporting.

LSEG: operations across the entire trade lifecycle

Illustrative trade lifecycle and applicable LSEG divisions servicing each stage of the cycle



Source: Company reports, Orbis.

There are a few characteristics that are common across these assets. Firstly, they are mission critical for their customers who cannot operate without these or equivalent services. Secondly, while substitutes do exist, the cost of failure is high, making the cost of switching high as well. These business customers are highly sticky for one reason or another—they are either intertwined with the customer’s operations (think data feeds providing pricing / financial data to quant funds / risk management functions) or are used to bestow credibility (think benchmarks) or have network effects (think fixed income trading platforms and the clearing houses) or have a long history of data that is irreplicable (financial pricing and feeds). The high cost of switching brings with it high retention rates and pricing power. We see such data assets similar to software in the stickiness of business they enjoy but with much lower risk of disruption.

LSEG, in its current form, can be thought of as a product of the merger between the London Stock Exchange and Refinitiv, a leading provider of financial market data and infrastructure. It is no secret that Refinitiv was undermanaged under the previous ownership of Thomson Reuters. The market share losses of its flagship terminal system, Workspace (formerly Eikon), to Factset and Bloomberg, had been grabbing headlines for a while. Reuters’ sales teams were historically incentivised on gross sales (not accounting for customer churn), leading to poor account management driving weak retention rates vs peers. The product and culture were mediocre. The turnaround started under Blackstone’s ownership in 2018. LSEG acquired Refinitiv in January 2021 and the news brought with it heightened uncertainty on the stock. After all, LSEG had just acquired a business twice its size, and while Refinitiv had some marquee assets (Enterprise data, Tradeweb), Workspace had only recently begun a turnaround from being seen as a melting ice cube.

We too were skeptical of the acquisition at first. However, 2022 started to see green shoots of improvement—Workspace turned to growth for the first time in a decade, driven by improved retention and business simplification. Fast forward to today, it appears the team at LSEG has succeeded in stabilising the Reuters business and is at the cusp of harvesting its efforts and investment. 240 individual products have been streamlined to nine theme-based solutions. Sales incentives have been realigned, and retention targets have been given greater focus. Large clients are being approached with a catalogue-based offering to help them consolidate their spending across various data providers and in favour of LSEG, while saving money.

What excites us even more about this setup is LSEG’s partnership to co-develop products with Microsoft, announced in 2022. This partnership will embed access to LSEG’s data in Microsoft’s AI and workflow tools such as Copilot and MS Teams, unlocking significant monetisation opportunities for both companies. These products are in trial phase currently and are expected to start getting monetised from 2025. Microsoft

Orbis Optimal (*continued*)

has bought a 4% stake in LSEG which we see as a sign of commitment to this partnership. Workspace has transitioned from a business that was shrinking, to one that is growing, and we are confident that it will only accelerate this growth in the coming years as it closes the gap with peers.

At the group level, predictable future revenues are on the rise. Annual Subscription Value growth, which can be used as a proxy for where the recurring revenue (over 70% of 2023 total revenue) growth should be heading, has increased in recent quarters to upwards of 6% from around 1% five years ago. The uncertainty has been slowly dissipating. It is now amply clear that LSEG made an astute acquisition of Refinitiv at half the multiple that peers have paid for similar assets recently.

While management have impressed on accelerating growth in the acquired assets, there remains an opportunity to improve margins as the company exits the integration phase and enters the harvest phase. LSEG's operating margins lag peers currently and the management team have committed to close the gap over the medium term. While the initial plan for cost synergies has been delivered, there is continued potential for simplification and rationalisation at Refinitiv. The company employs approximately 11,000 people in data capture and customer service, and there is significant potential for technology to drive cost savings in this realm. Additionally, the "build once, sell many times" models tend to have operating leverage and the business mix is favourable for margin progression.

While the current point of operation leaves room for uncertainty, we are optimistic about LSEG transforming from a mid-single-digit growth company to a high-single-digit growth one, with earnings per share growing comfortably in the teens over our investment horizon. We are happy to own what is, in our view, a high quality, resilient business that is seeing a significant improvement in its fundamentals.

Commentary contributed by Neha Aggarwal, Orbis Portfolio Management (Europe) LLP, London

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.

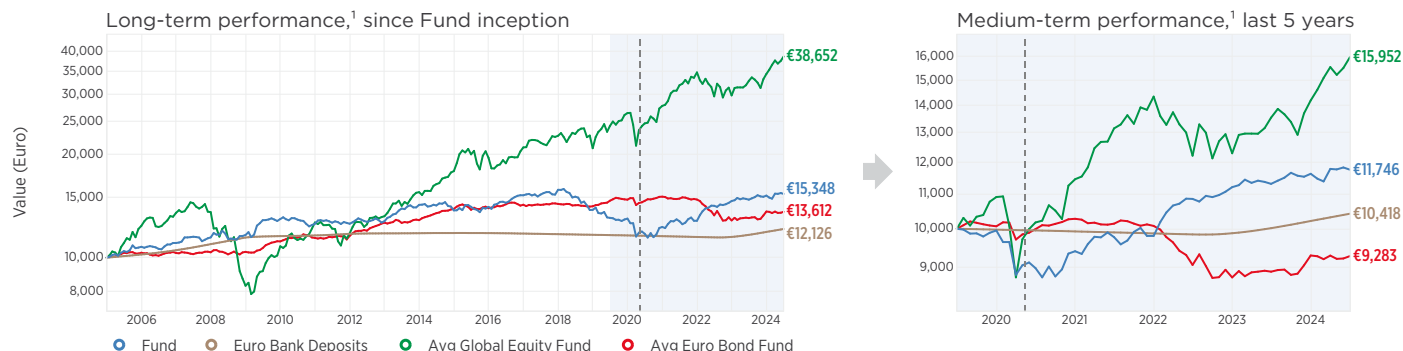
Orbis Optimal SA Fund

Euro Standard Class (A)

The Fund seeks capital appreciation in euro on a low risk global portfolio. It invests principally in a focused portfolio of selected global equities believed to offer superior relative value and employs stockmarket hedging to reduce risk of loss.

Price	€15.27	Comparators	Euro Bank Deposits
Pricing currency	Euro		Average Global Equity Fund Index
Domicile	Bermuda		Average Euro Bond Fund Index
Type	Open-ended mutual fund	Class size	€18.8 million
Minimum investment	US\$50,000	Class inception	14 May 2020
Dealing	Daily	Fund inception	1 January 2005
Entry/exit fees	None	Strategy size	€3.0 billion
ISIN	BMG6768M1525	Strategy inception	1 January 1990

Growth of €10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



The Euro Standard Class (A) inceptioned on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above). Information for the Fund for the period before the inception of the Euro Standard Class (A) relates to the Euro Standard Class.

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	Euro Bank Deposits	Avg Global Equity Fund	Avg Euro Bond Fund
Annualised	<i>Net</i>		<i>Net</i>	
Since Fund inception	2.2	1.0	7.2	1.6
15 years	1.2	0.3	10.1	1.6
10 years	0.8	0.3	9.0	0.1
5 years	3.3	0.8	9.8	(1.5)
Class	Euro Bank Deposits	Avg Global Equity Fund	Avg Euro Bond Fund	
Since Class inception	7.0	1.1	13.2	(1.3)
3 years	6.3	1.7	6.7	(2.9)
1 year	3.9	4.0	17.9	4.3
Not annualised				
Calendar year to date	1.1	2.0	12.5	(0.2)
3 months	(0.2)	1.0	2.7	(0.1)
1 month	(0.6)	0.3		
		Year	Net %	
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception		2022	14.2	
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception		2018	(12.6)	

Risk Measures,¹ since Fund inception

	Fund	Euro Bank Deposits	Avg Global Equity Fund	Avg Euro Bond Fund
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	28	3	46	15
Months to recovery	>76 ²	104	72	>42 ²
% recovered	88	100	100	35
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	5.6	0.5	12.8	3.3
Correlation vs FTSE World Index	0.3	(0.1)	1.0	0.4
Correlation vs Orbis Global Equity Fund relative return	0.7	0.1	(0.1)	(0.1)

Stockmarket Exposure (%)

Region	Equity Exposure	Portfolio Hedging	Accounting Exposure	Beta Adjusted Exposure
Developed Markets	80	(74)	6	0
United States	34	(33)	1	0
Japan	19	(17)	2	0
United Kingdom	18	(9)	9	7
Continental Europe	7	(13)	(6)	(7)
Other	3	(3)	0	0
Emerging Markets	8	(9)	0	0
Total	89	(83)	6	1

Top 10 Holdings³

	FTSE Sector	%
UnitedHealth Group	Health Care	3.7
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	Technology	3.5
Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	Industrials	3.4
Motorola Solutions	Telecommunications	3.4
British American Tobacco	Consumer Staples	3.0
London Stock Exchange Group	Financials	2.3
Cinemark Holdings	Consumer Discretionary	2.2
Elevance Health	Health Care	2.1
ConvaTec Group	Health Care	2.0
GXO Logistics	Industrials	2.0
Total		27.7

Currency Allocation (%)

Euro	91
Japanese yen	6
Other	4
Total	100

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Base fee	0.70
Performance fee	0.00
Fund expenses	0.07
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.76

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk. See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

¹ Fund data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the Euro Standard Class.

² Number of months since the start of the drawdown. This drawdown is not yet recovered.

³ Includes equity positions held indirectly.

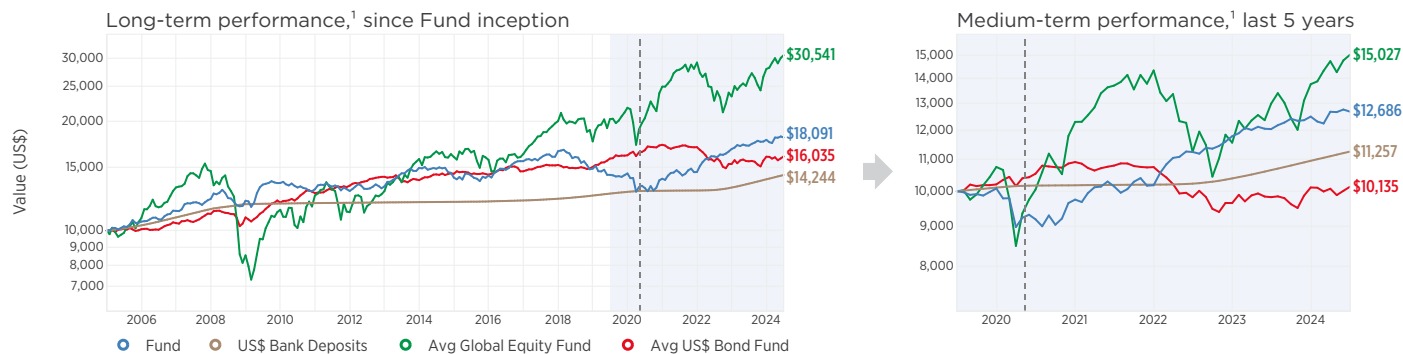
Orbis Optimal SA Fund

US\$ Standard Class (A)

The Fund seeks capital appreciation in US dollars on a low risk global portfolio. It invests principally in a focused portfolio of selected global equities believed to offer superior relative value and employs stockmarket hedging to reduce risk of loss.

Price	US\$18.04	Comparators	US\$ Bank Deposits
Pricing currency	US dollars		Average Global Equity Fund Index
Domicile	Bermuda		Average US\$ Bond Fund Index
Type	Open-ended mutual fund	Class size	US\$53.5 million
Minimum investment	US\$50,000	Class inception	14 May 2020
Dealing	Daily	Fund inception	1 January 2005
Entry/exit fees	None	Strategy size	US\$3.2 billion
ISIN	BMG6768M1459	Strategy inception	1 January 1990

Growth of US\$10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



The US\$ Standard Class (A) inceptioned on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above). Information for the Fund for the period before the inception of the US\$ Standard Class (A) relates to the US\$ Standard Class.

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	US\$ Bank Deposits	Avg Global Equity Fund	Avg US\$ Bond Fund
Annualised	<i>Net</i>			<i>Net</i>
Since Fund inception	3.1	1.8	5.9	2.5
15 years	2.0	1.2	8.1	2.4
10 years	2.0	1.7	6.3	1.2
5 years	4.9	2.4	8.5	0.3
Class				
Since Class inception	8.5	2.5	13.0	(0.6)
3 years	7.7	3.4	3.1	(2.1)
1 year	5.4	5.7	15.7	3.1
Not annualised				
Calendar year to date	1.5	2.8	9.2	0.2
3 months	0.1	1.4	1.9	0.6
1 month	(0.6)	0.5		
			Year	Net %
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception			2022	15.7
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception			2018	(10.5)

Risk Measures,¹ since Fund inception

	Fund	US\$ Bank Deposits	Avg Global Equity Fund	Avg US\$ Bond Fund
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	23	0	52	14
Months to recovery	58	n/a	73	>42 ²
% recovered	100	n/a	100	49
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	5.8	0.6	15.6	3.9
Correlation vs FTSE World Index	0.4	0.0	1.0	0.5
Correlation vs Orbis Global Equity Fund relative return	0.7	0.0	0.0	(0.1)

Stockmarket Exposure (%)

Region	Equity Exposure	Portfolio Hedging	Accounting Exposure	Beta Adjusted Exposure
Developed Markets	80	(74)	6	0
United States	34	(33)	1	0
Japan	19	(17)	2	0
United Kingdom	18	(9)	9	7
Continental Europe	7	(13)	(6)	(7)
Other	3	(3)	0	0
Emerging Markets	8	(9)	0	0
Total	89	(83)	6	1

Top 10 Holdings³

	FTSE Sector	%
UnitedHealth Group	Health Care	3.7
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	Technology	3.5
Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	Industrials	3.4
Motorola Solutions	Telecommunications	3.4
British American Tobacco	Consumer Staples	3.0
London Stock Exchange Group	Financials	2.3
Cinemark Holdings	Consumer Discretionary	2.2
Elevance Health	Health Care	2.1
ConvaTec Group	Health Care	2.0
GXO Logistics	Industrials	2.0
Total		27.7

Currency Allocation (%)

US dollar	90
Japanese yen	6
Other	4
Total	100

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Base fee	0.70
Performance fee	0.00
Fund expenses	0.07
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.77

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk. See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

¹ Fund data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the US\$ Standard Class.
² Number of months since the start of the drawdown. This drawdown is not yet recovered.
³ Includes equity positions held indirectly.

Orbis Optimal SA Fund

US\$ Standard Class (A) and Euro Standard Class (A)

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited			
Fund Inception date	1 January 2005			
Class Inception date	14 May 2020			
Number of shares	US\$ Standard Class (A):	2,963,228	Euro Standard Class (A):	1,232,455
Income distributions during the last 12 months	None			

Fund Objective and Performance Fee Benchmarks

The Fund is designed for investors seeking capital appreciation on a low risk global investment portfolio. The Fund's returns are intended to be largely independent of the returns of major asset classes such as cash, equities and bonds. The Fund's US\$ Share Classes aim to outperform US\$ Bank Deposits (compound total returns on one month US\$ deposits, currently based on the Bloomberg USDR rate), while its Euro Share Classes aim to outperform Euro Bank Deposits (compound total returns on one month Euro Deposits, currently based on the Bloomberg EUDRA rate).

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund's Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and augments a focused portfolio of selected global equities with hedging of the risk of monetary loss arising from a decline in stockmarkets. It invests in shares considered to offer superior fundamental value. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity's fundamental value. Orbis believes that over the long term, equity invested based on this approach offers superior returns and reduces the risk of loss.

Orbis believes the main risk of investing in its selected equities is that their prices will decline if relevant stockmarkets fall significantly. To reduce this risk, the Fund maintains a substantial core level of hedging. When Orbis' research suggests that stockmarkets are overvalued and vulnerable, the Manager increases the hedging above this core level. Similarly, when Orbis' research suggests that stockmarkets represent good value, the Manager lowers the hedging below the core level. The Manager's actions in this regard are limited and the Fund therefore always maintains a significant level of hedging to protect investors from unexpected stockmarket declines. The result is that the Fund's returns are driven mainly by the Manager's ability to select equities that outperform their respective stockmarket indices and not by the overall direction of equity markets. The Fund is therefore able to aim for absolute (or positive) returns.

The net returns of both the US\$ and Euro Standard Class (A) Classes from their inception on 14 May 2020, stitched with the net returns of the US\$ and Euro Standard Classes respectively from the Fund's inception to 14 May 2020, have outperformed their respective performance fee benchmarks and delivered positive returns.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Fund is designed for investors seeking capital appreciation on a low risk global investment portfolio.
- Investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Manager generally assesses an equity investment's attractiveness using a three-to-five year time horizon.

Management Fee

The Fund's share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Investment Manager's interests with those of investors in the Fund.

There are two parts to the fee applicable to the Standard Share Class (A) Classes:

- a base fee of 0.7% per annum, paid monthly, of the total net assets of each Standard Share Class (A); plus
- a performance fee of 20% of the outperformance of each class of Standard Share Class (A)'s daily rate of return relative to its performance fee benchmark (as described in the "Fund Objective and Performance Fee Benchmarks" section above), calculated and accrued on each dealing day and paid monthly. The performance fee incorporates a high water mark.

Investors in the Standard Share Class (A) Classes of the Fund separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates. The amount of this fee may vary, but will not exceed 0.3% per annum. For purposes of determining the return on which the performance fee is calculated for the Standard Share Class (A) Classes, the administrative fee is deemed to be the maximum possible fee of 0.3% per annum, which then is deducted, along with the base fee, for purposes of calculating the gross return.

Please review the Fund's prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund's other share classes.

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

The relevant class within the Fund bears all expenses payable by such class, which shall include but not be limited to fees payable to its Manager and additional service providers, fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining governmental registrations, taxes, duties and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling investments. However, the Manager has agreed that in the current calendar year, except for specified exclusions, operating expenses attributable to each share class will be capped at 0.15% per annum. The cap will be automatically extended for further successive one year periods unless terminated by the Manager at least three months prior to the end of the then current term. The operating expenses that are capped are all expenses, excluding the Manager's fees described above under "Management Fee," the cost of buying and selling investments, interest and brokerage charges.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.50% of the net asset value of the Fund's shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns.

Changes in the Fund's Top 10 Holdings

31 March 2024	%	30 June 2024	%
Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	4.0	UnitedHealth Group	3.7
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	3.1	Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	3.5
British American Tobacco	3.0	Corpay (was FLEETCOR)	3.4
Micron Technology	2.8	Motorola Solutions	3.4
UnitedHealth Group	2.6	British American Tobacco	3.0
Motorola Solutions	2.4	London Stock Exchange Group	2.3
London Stock Exchange Group	2.3	Cinemark Holdings	2.2
GXO Logistics	2.1	Elevance Health	2.1
Elevance Health	2.0	ConvaTec Group	2.0
ConvaTec Group	2.0	GXO Logistics	2.0
Total	26.4	Total	27.7

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.

Orbis Optimal SA Fund

Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Orbis Optimal SA Fund Limited (the "Company") will be held at the offices of Orbis Investment Management Limited, Orbis House, 25 Front Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda on 30 September 2024 at 10:00 am. Members are invited to attend and address the meeting. The Agenda will comprise the following:

- Review of Minutes of the Annual General Meeting of Members of the Company held on 30 September 2023
- Review of the 2024 audited financial statements
- Appointment of the Directors of the Company
- Approval of Directors' fees for the year to 30 June 2025
- Proposed re-appointment of Ernst & Young as Auditors for the year to 30 June 2025

By Order of the Board, Samantha Scott, Secretary

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including Prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund's Custodian is Citibank N.A., New York Offices, 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10013, U.S.A. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund's Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the Investor Share Class(es), on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (b) on the last business day of each month and/or (c) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a) or (b), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund's prospectus) without notice. Share prices are calculated for the (i) Standard Share Class(es), (ii) Standard Share Class(es) (A), (iii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) and (iv) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) (A) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each business day and/or (b) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund's prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund's current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated every dealing day, are available:

- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es) (A) and Standard Share Class(es) (A), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited's website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es), Standard Share Class(es), and Investor Share Class(es), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Weekly prices can be obtained via e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a \$10,000 or €10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The Manager provides no guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund's returns. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors' performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case of transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund's net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund's Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided "as is" and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund's Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

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Total Rate of Return for Bank Deposits is the compound total return for one-month interbank deposits in the specified currency. Beta Adjusted Exposure is calculated as Equity Exposure multiplied by a Beta determined using Blume's technique, minus Portfolio Hedging.

Orbis Emerging Markets Equity

The term “Emerging Markets” (EMs) first emerged (if you’ll excuse the pun!) in the early 80s, and it took several years for the MSCI Emerging Markets Index to be launched in 1988. The EM Index initially consisted of 10 markets and accounted for less than 1% of the global equity universe. Over time, countries have been added and removed from the index, and today the EM Index comprises 24 markets and represents over 10% of the global equity universe. Furthermore, EMs and developing economies contain around 85% of the world’s population and contribute roughly 60% of its GDP at purchasing power parity.

Since the inception of the EM Index, EMs have delivered on investor hopes and outperformed the MSCI World Index (which only represents developed markets), as shown in the following chart. This long-term relative outperformance may come as a surprise to many investors, given it’s been a tale of two halves as indicated by the green and red arrows. In the first 20 years, EMs beat the World Index by around 6.5% p.a. In the last 16 and a half years, however, much of that outperformance was given back with EMs lagging the World Index by over 5% p.a.

EMs have outperformed world markets since their inception in 1988

Total return in USD of World and Emerging Market stockmarkets, 1988 to 2024



Disappointing recent returns have left many investors wondering whether EMs are worthy of their capital. To them, we have a simple answer: Yes. We think this is an unusually attractive time to invest in EMs, and the universe is ripe with opportunity for bottom-up stockpickers. But like any investment universe, EMs are not without risk. The table to the right presents three risks to keep in mind and three opportunities to get excited about. It is by no means exhaustive but makes for a good starting point. Let’s briefly discuss each.

Risks

In EMs, governance issues are rampant. At many private businesses, investors endure poor capital allocation, related party transactions, and heavy dilution as companies issue ever more shares. It’s all well and good to grow the profit pie quickly, but not when it’s cut into too many slices. China makes for an instructive example: the net profits of listed companies have grown by around 25% p.a. since the early 90s, but that translated into per-share earnings growth of just 5% p.a., and disappointing equity returns. State-owned enterprises (SOEs) layer on additional governance risks, as their priorities are often not aligned with those of shareholders. Whilst the weight of SOEs in the EM Index has declined in recent years, they still account for a substantial chunk of the universe today. But EM companies are not all alike. Mindful of elevated governance issues, we have a strong preference to partner with owner-managed businesses. Managers who are themselves shareholders are often more aligned with our clients’ interests and tend to make better capital allocation decisions. Current examples in the portfolio include our longstanding positions in Jardine Matheson, NetEase and Kiwoom Securities.

Opportunities and risks in EMs

# Opportunities	
1	Attractive valuations
2	Undervalued currencies
3	Wide spreads
# Risks	
1	Governance concerns
2	Country-specific risks
3	Geopolitical tensions

Source: Orbis.

EM companies are not homogenous, and nor are EM countries—even if some investors treat them that way. In reality, every market is unique and presents different opportunities and risks. A quick glance at valuations confirms this, as shown in the following chart. For example, India appears very expensive on a variety of

Orbis Emerging Markets Equity (continued)

aggregate valuation metrics. Unsurprisingly, we are struggling to find many attractive ideas there, though with hundreds to choose from, we have found some, including HDFC Bank. Compared to India, China looks inexpensive—but it comes with very different risks, and commands a 25% weighting in the EM Index. Given the risk, that is higher than we are comfortable with, and as active investors, we can afford to be selective. We have found relatively more ideas in other countries.

China calls to mind another source of risk: geopolitics. In that, China is hardly alone—as we were painfully reminded in 2022 when we wrote our small position in Sberbank of Russia down to zero. Between military campaigns in the Middle East and presidential campaigns in America’s Mid-West, geopolitical uncertainty is high. We address that not by trying to guess what is in world leaders’ heads, but by focusing on companies and their prices. As bottom-up investors, we spend most of our time estimating what businesses are truly worth, and only buy shares that trade at a deep discount to our estimate of intrinsic value. This discount provides our first and most important line of defence against permanent losses. When we buy a stock, we also carefully manage the weights of our positions. But in some cases, no price is too low to guard against catastrophic events, and the right weight to have is none.

Opportunities

Those fearful factors are well known, but they are only half the story. Over the long-term, the price you pay for an asset is one of the most important drivers of future returns. After years of disappointing returns in EMs, many investors have headed for the exits, and it remains an under-owned asset class. The good news is that this has translated into substantially lower valuations versus stocks in the developed world. Consider the cyclically-adjusted price-to-earnings (CAPE) ratio, a well-established barometer for the expensiveness of a market, and a reasonable indicator of long-term real returns. In aggregate, EMs trade at a CAPE ratio of around 12 times, which is low versus its own history, and low compared to about 20 times for world markets. EMs are also discounted versus world markets on conventional price-to-earnings, price-to-book, and price-to-free cash flow measures—to name just a few.

And it’s not just the stocks that look cheap. EM currencies trade at deep discounts to their valuations on a purchasing power parity basis. An equally-weighted basket of the largest EM currencies, such as the Chinese yuan, Taiwan dollar and Korean won, is as cheap as it’s been since the early 2000s—trading at around a 20% discount to the US dollar. Historically, much of the volatility experienced in EMs has been due to currency fluctuations. But given many EM currencies already appear cheap today, there is a lower-than-average risk of a nasty currency shock. Indeed, what has been a headwind for EMs could be a tailwind going forward.

Lastly, the gap in valuations between cheap and expensive shares within EMs is unusually wide relative to history, as we discussed in December. Apart from the extremes of the last few years, the only time this valuation gap has been wider was during the Asian Financial Crisis in the late 90s—arguably a once-in-a-lifetime buying opportunity. In our view, the opportunity for stockpicking to add idiosyncratic value looks unusually good today.

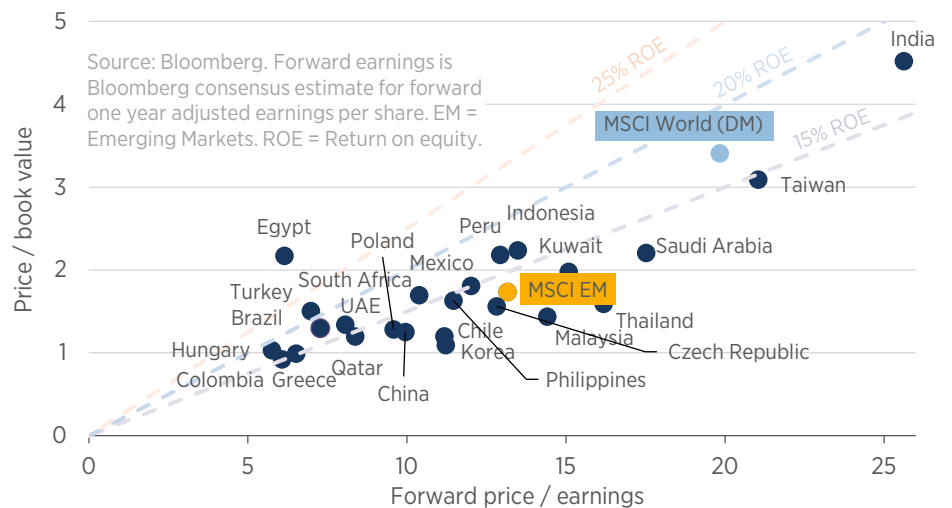
We continue to believe it’s an exciting time for EMs. Whilst recent performance has been disappointing for EM investors, it has provided a great setup today for long-term returns: attractive valuations, undervalued currencies, and wide spreads between cheap and expensive stocks. We think our bottom-up approach is well placed to navigate the risks and capitalise on the opportunities.

Commentary contributed by Shane Woldendorp, Orbis Investment Advisory Pty Limited, Sydney

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.

Valuations differ substantially between individual EMs

Price-to-book valuation and forward price-to-earnings ratio of MSCI Indices



Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund

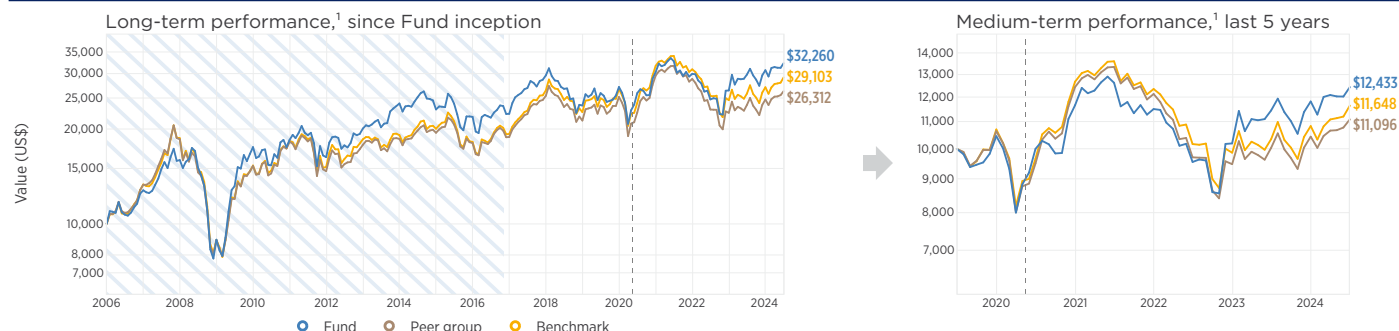
Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

The Fund is actively managed and seeks higher returns than the average of the equity markets of the world's emerging market countries, without greater risk of loss. The performance fee benchmark ("Benchmark") of the Class is the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, including income, net of withholding taxes ("MSCI Emerging Markets Index"). Currency exposure is managed relative to that of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index.

Price	US\$30.46	Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Index
Pricing currency	US dollars	Peer group	Average Global Emerging Markets Equity Fund Index
Domicile	Luxembourg	Fund size	US\$2.2 billion
Type	SICAV	Fund inception	1 January 2006
Minimum investment	US\$50,000	Strategy size	US\$2.2 billion
Dealing	Daily	Strategy inception	1 January 2016
Entry/exit fees	None	Class inception	14 May 2020
ISIN	LU2122430353		
UCITS compliant	Yes		

On 1 November 2016, the Fund broadened its investment strategy from Asia ex-Japan equities to Emerging Market equities and changed its name from Orbis SICAV Asia ex-Japan Equity Fund to Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund. Performance prior to the change in strategy was achieved in circumstances that no longer apply. Please refer to the Fund's prospectus for further details.

Growth of US\$10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



The Shared Investor RRF Class (A) inception on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above), but the Class continued to charge the fee that the Investor Share Class would have charged from inception to 9 Feb 2023. Information for the Fund for the period before the inception of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) relates to the Investor Share Class.

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Annualised		<i>Net</i>	<i>Gross</i>
Since Fund inception	6.5	5.4	5.9
15 years	6.2	5.4	6.0
10 years	2.5	2.9	3.7
5 years	4.4	2.1	3.1
Class		Peer group	Benchmark
Since Class inception	8.3	6.6	7.3
3 years	(0.5)	(6.0)	(5.1)
1 year	8.6	10.6	12.5
Not annualised			
Calendar year to date	5.2	6.3	7.5
3 months	2.8	4.0	5.0
1 month	3.4		3.9
		Year	Net %
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception		2009	96.4
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception		2008	(44.0)

Geographical & Currency Allocation (%)

Region	Equity	Currency	Benchmark
Korea	31	31	12
China/Hong Kong	30	30	25
Rest of Asia	13	13	5
Taiwan	11	11	19
Europe and Middle East	7	7	9
Africa	6	6	3
India	2	2	19
Latin America	1	1	7
Total	100	100	100

Top 10 Holdings

	MSCI Sector	%
Jardine Matheson Holdings	Industrials	8.9
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	Information Technology	8.8
NetEase	Communication Services	8.1
Kiwoom Securities	Financials	7.7
Samsung Electronics	Information Technology	6.4
Gedeon Richter	Health Care	5.0
Astra International	Industrials	4.7
Hyundai Elevator	Industrials	4.1
Tencent Holdings	Communication Services	4.0
Naspers	Consumer Discretionary	4.0
Total		61.8

Risk Measures¹, since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	55	61	62
Months to recovery	20	82	81
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	21.4	19.9	20.2
Beta vs Benchmark	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tracking error vs Benchmark (%)	7.3	2.2	0.0

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Ongoing charges	0.94
Base fee	0.80
Fund expenses	0.14
Performance fee/(refund)	(1.06)
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	(0.12)

As at 30 Jun 2024, the Class was in Reserve Recovery and 1.1% outperformance net of base fee would be required before any further performance fees become payable.

Portfolio Concentration & Characteristics

% of NAV in top 25 holdings	93
Total number of holdings	35
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	44
12 month name turnover (%)	25
Active share (%)	80

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.

See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

¹ Fund data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the Investor Share Class. Orbis SICAV Asia ex-Japan Equity Fund and its corresponding Benchmark and peer group data used for the period before 1 November 2016.

Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Manager	Orbis Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited
Fund Inception date	1 January 2006
Class Inception date (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	14 May 2020
Number of shares (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	1,219,497
Income distributions during the last 12 months	None

Fund Objective and Benchmark

The Fund seeks higher returns than the average of the equity stock markets of the world’s emerging market countries, without greater risk of loss. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index, including income, net of withholding taxes, is the Fund’s benchmark (the “MSCI Emerging Markets Index”).

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund’s Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and is designed to be exposed to all of the risks and rewards of selected Emerging Market equities. The Fund expects to be not less than 90% invested in Emerging Market equity and equity-linked investments. The Fund identifies Emerging Market equity and equity-linked investments as those investments that are issued by a corporate body or other entity domiciled or primarily located in a country represented in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index or the MSCI Frontier Markets Index (together, “Emerging Markets”), traded or listed on an exchange in an Emerging Market or issued by a corporate body or other entity whose business is significantly linked to Emerging Markets. These equities are selected using extensive proprietary investment research. Orbis devotes a substantial proportion of its business efforts to detailed “bottom up” investment research conducted with a long-term perspective, believing that such research makes superior long-term performance attainable. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity’s fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes that over the long term, equity investing based on this approach offers superior returns and reduces the risk of loss. The Fund may, to the extent permitted by its investment restrictions, also periodically hold cash and cash equivalents when Orbis believes this to be consistent with the Fund’s investment objective.

Exchange rate fluctuations significantly influence global investment returns. For this reason, part of Orbis’ research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, Orbis actively reviews the Fund’s currency exposure, focusing, in particular, on managing the Fund’s exposure to those currencies considered less likely to hold their long-term value.

The Fund does not seek to mirror the MSCI Emerging Markets Index and may deviate meaningfully from it in pursuit of superior long-term capital appreciation.

The net returns of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from its inception on 14 May 2020, stitched with the net returns of the Investor Share Class from the Fund’s inception to 14 May 2020, have outperformed the stitched Performance Fee Benchmarks of the respective classes. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its long-term objective.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Fund is aimed at investors who are seeking a portfolio the objective of which is to be invested in, and exposed to, Emerging Market securities.
- Investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an equity investment’s attractiveness using a three-to-five year time horizon.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund’s Prospectus, the Fund’s various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Manager’s and Investment Manager’s interests with those of investors in the Fund.

The Shared Investor RRF Class (A)’s management fee is charged as follows:

- **Base Fee:** Calculated and accrued daily at a rate of 0.8% per annum of the Class’ net asset value. Investors separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates.
- **Refundable Performance Fee:** When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and an additional 0.3% per annum, which is deemed to be representative of the aforementioned administrative fee) beats the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the outperformance is paid into a reserve and reinvested into the Fund. If the value of the reserve is positive on any dealing day, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee in an amount capped at the lesser of an annualised rate of (a) one-third of the reserve’s net asset value and (b) 2.5% of the net asset value of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). Fees paid from the reserve to the Investment Manager are not available to be refunded as described below.

When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and the aforementioned additional 0.3% per annum) trails the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the underperformance is refunded from the reserve to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). If at any time sufficient value does not exist in the reserve to provide the refund, a reserve recovery mark is set, and subsequent underperformance is tracked. Such relative losses must be recovered before any outperformance results in any payment to the reserve.

Prior to 9 Feb 2023, the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) charged the fee that the Investor Share Class would have charged, reduced by 0.3% per annum. Numerous investors switched to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from the Investor Share Class. This temporary measure ensured that the fees paid by investors accounted for underperformance experienced by the Investor Share Class before the inception date of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A).

Please review the Fund’s prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund’s other share classes.

Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

The relevant class within the Fund bears all expenses payable by such class, which shall include but not be limited to fees payable to its Manager, Investment Manager and additional service providers, fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining governmental registrations, taxes, duties and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.75% of the net asset value of the Fund’s shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Changes in the Fund’s Top 10 Holdings

31 March 2024	%	30 June 2024	%
Jardine Matheson Holdings	9.1	Jardine Matheson Holdings	8.9
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	7.9	Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	8.8
Kiwoom Securities	7.9	NetEase	8.1
NetEase	7.4	Kiwoom Securities	7.7
Samsung Electronics	5.5	Samsung Electronics	6.4
Gedeon Richter	5.3	Gedeon Richter	5.0
Astra International	4.9	Astra International	4.7
Hyundai Elevator	3.9	Hyundai Elevator	4.1
Korea Investment Holdings	3.8	Tencent Holdings	4.0
Naspers	3.3	Naspers	4.0
Total	58.9	Total	61.8

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor’s capital is at risk.

Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund

Orbis SICAV Semi-Annual Report

This report contains only some of the information included in the semi-annual report of the Orbis SICAV (the “Company”) as at 30 June 2024. The semi-annual report will be available upon request and free of charge at the registered office of the Company within two months following 30 June.

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including Prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund’s Depository is Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch, 31 Z.A. Bourmicht, L-8070 Bertrange, Luxembourg. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund’s Prospectus.

Prior to 1 November 2016 the Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund was named the Orbis SICAV Asia ex-Japan Equity Fund, its Benchmark was the MSCI All Country Asia ex-Japan (Net) (US\$) Index, and its peer group was the Average Asia ex-Japan Equity Fund Index.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the Investor Share Class(es), on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (b) on the last business day of each month and/or (c) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a) or (b), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund’s prospectus) without notice. Share prices are calculated for the (i) Standard Share Class(es), (ii) Standard Share Class(es) (A), (iii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) and (iv) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) (A) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each business day and/or (b) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund’s prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund’s current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated every dealing day, are available:

- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es) (A) and Standard Share Class(es) (A), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited’s website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es), Standard Share Class(es), and Investor Share Class(es), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com

Weekly prices can be obtained via e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a \$10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Neither the Manager nor the Investment Manager provides any guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund’s returns. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors’ performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case of transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund’s net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund’s Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided “as is” and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund’s Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

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Average Fund data source and peer group ranking data source: © 2024 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. Such information (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. The latest average fund indices provided by Morningstar are for 20 June 2024. To allow comparison of returns to a common date we have extended the average equity and multi-asset class fund indices to reflect the subsequent movement of the applicable benchmark indices. Average fund returns are not shown for periods of a month or less as high price volatility and late fund reporting regularly cause them to be significantly restated by Morningstar.

Orbis Global Balanced

There’s no business like show business—as the studios of Hollywood’s golden era can attest. RKO Pictures, the hallowed producer of King Kong and Citizen Kane, endured a stint as a rubber company subsidiary before going defunct. 20th Century Fox was joined with newspapers and news channels before being carved out and sold to Disney. Disney itself has leaned for years on the profits of its ESPN subsidiary. Warner Brothers, having been merged with a magazine publisher, then a dial-up internet provider, then a phone company, is now part of Warner Brothers Discovery. Columbia Pictures has spent 35 years nestled within the sprawl of Sony. Universal was part of General Electric for decades before being sold to a broadband operator. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer is now “an Amazon company”. Paramount has spent its corporate life in and out of relationships with broadcaster CBS, and it now stands alone as Paramount Global.

Recently, Paramount was nearly sold again. But negotiations failed, speaking to the onerous challenges now facing film studios. The old cash cows of broadcast and cable television are running dry, supplanted by streaming video, which has proven to be far less lucrative. It is unclear how or when the industry will reach its new equilibrium, and this uncertainty has roiled the share prices of companies across the broader sector.

In our view, any route to recovery for the studios will require an old partner—the cinema owners. Far more interesting to us than the studios are the exhibitors, and here, we are confident that our investment in Cinemark Holdings can recover and persist through this media upheaval.

That is not a universal view. Many continue to doubt the viability of theatrical exhibition, viewing it as another legacy business that will crumble before the rising tide of streaming platforms. But cinemas recently went through an uncommonly comprehensive test—the Covid pandemic, which proved that movie theatres play an indispensable role in making money from movies.

When the pandemic shut down theatres worldwide, studios used the opportunity to experiment with alternative ways of distributing films. Most cut down the theatrical exclusivity window—the period where films can only be seen in cinemas. Some eliminated theatrical exclusivity altogether; Warner Brothers put every one of its 2021 films onto its HBO Max streaming service on the same day as their theatrical debuts.

These tests produced undesirable outcomes. Filmmakers and actors revolted, displeased by lower pay as their compensation usually involves a cut of the box office. Christopher Nolan, a long-time Warner Brothers collaborator, was so repulsed by the studio’s emphasis on streaming that he left to work with Universal, which promised him a 100-day exclusive theatrical window for *Oppenheimer*. Movies, especially those published immediately on streaming platforms, were pirated at elevated rates. Most importantly, viewership analytics showed there is no conflict between theatrical exclusivity and popularity on streaming services. In fact, the most watched streaming movies are almost uniformly theatrical exclusives first.

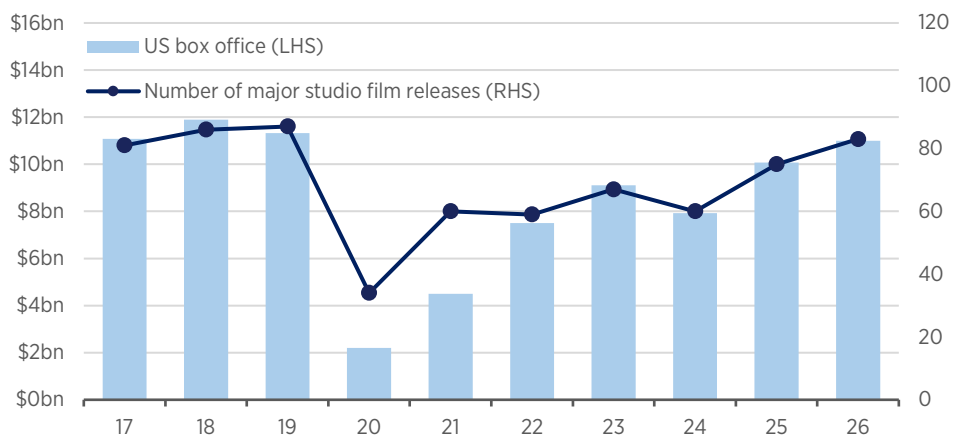
The data shows that theatres make movies more popular and profitable. Forfeiting box office revenues does not produce worthwhile value in digital distribution, and it introduces a range of needless complications.

The major studios seemed to have learned from the experiment. They are restoring their theatrical film output and committing to theatrical exclusivity to bolster earnings and retain talent. During Covid, Disney made the money- and morale-losing decision to divert Pixar films to early streaming debuts. This month, it released *Inside Out 2* with a 100-day exclusive theatrical window and achieved a record animation box office debut. Even Apple and Amazon came to acknowledge the benefits of a theatrical release strategy. Both companies have promised to spend \$1bn per year on theatrical exclusive movies, or roughly ten films a year.

As the studios have returned to theatres, North American box office revenues have increased by double-digit percentages

As the supply of film releases recovers, so should the box office

US box office ticket sales and number of major studio film releases



Source: Company information, Orbis estimates. Major studios include Disney, Universal, Paramount, Warner Brothers, Sony Pictures, and 20th Century Studios.

Orbis Global Balanced *(continued)*

annually since 2020, but gaps in the schedule and the Hollywood strikes have limited the number of films reaching theatres. We expect the industry to reach pre-Covid levels of theatrical output in the next year or so. Given the tight relationship between box office revenue and the number of films sent to theatres, that bodes well for exhibitors. If the historical relationship holds, 2025 should see the North American box office comfortably exceed \$10bn on an ongoing basis.

We believe no company is better poised to benefit from the anticipated box office recovery than Cinemark, the third-largest theatre chain in the United States and a leading chain throughout Latin America. Unlike many of its peers that prioritised debt-fuelled expansion, Cinemark’s management team carefully guarded its balance sheet. Its approach to expansion was cautious; the company built most of its network in suburban locations that have less burdensome property rents. It entered Covid with the lowest debt ratios and average property rents of the three national American exhibitors.

As theatrical exhibition leaves the pandemic behind, Cinemark has managed to avoid bankruptcy without resorting to dilutive share issuances. It is fully caught up on its deferred rents to theatre landlords. Moreover, Cinemark continued to invest in the upkeep and upgrade of its theatres, investing over \$80m every year. Many of its peers are not in the same position, having gone bankrupt or cut reinvestment to the bone, and will still be contending with the pandemic’s aftermath years after Hollywood has reverted to normalcy.

Cinemark’s choices allowed it to achieve exceptional operating metrics even with an impaired box office. Some quarters in the last two years did have full release schedules, and those periods provide a tantalising glimpse into Cinemark’s potential. In 2023, Cinemark achieved its highest third quarter revenue ever due to its steadily growing concessions business—popcorn and drinks are the greatest profit contributors in theatrical exhibition. Cinemark invested heavily in premium amenities and better food and drink offerings through Covid, which allowed it to effectively capitalise on pent-up demand from consumers.

The success of this strategy is right there in the numbers. Cinemark generated \$295m in free cash flow in 2023—comparable to pre-Covid levels.

The next few years should see the consummation of Cinemark’s business model as the industry returns to a normal film production and annual release schedule. If the box office meets our expectations, we believe Cinemark can achieve record profitability. Furthermore, Cinemark should soon restore its dividend, as the recovery brings debt ratios down to the company’s targeted window. Lastly,

much of that debt will soon be gone. Cinemark has paid down \$250m of its Covid-era borrowing at this point, leaving one \$460m convertible bond as the final remnant of emergency pandemic debt. If Cinemark returns to its pre-Covid capital structure, we believe the shares are worth some 50% more than their current price.

Theatrical exhibition is poorly understood and easy to dismiss. The best known businesses in the space are beset with challenges that will endure long after the box office rebounds. Cinemark has managed its debt and investments more prudently. The broader sector is disdained as an outdated absurdity in the age of streaming video. But cinemas remain the best way to make money from movies. Movie theatres have survived over a century of disruptions including radio, television, broadcast, VHS, home rentals, cable, DVD, and internet piracy. We believe the pandemic and streaming will join this litany of challenges overcome by theatrical exhibitors, and we believe Cinemark will lead the charge in this recovery story.

Commentary contributed by Jeffrey Miyamoto, Orbis Investment Management Limited, Bermuda

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.

Cinemark’s free cash flow is already at pre-Covid levels

Selected metrics for 2019, 2022, and 2023

	2019	2022	2023
Attendance (millions)	280	173	210
Revenue (USD millions)	3,283	2,455	3,067
Free cash flow (USD millions)	258	25	295

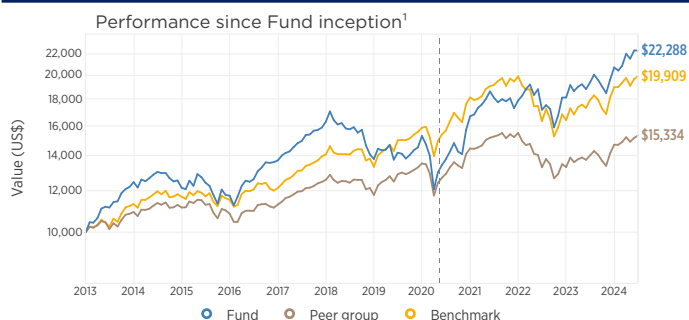
Source: Company information.

Orbis SICAV Global Balanced Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

The Fund is actively managed and seeks to balance investment returns and risk of loss with a diversified global portfolio of equity, fixed income and commodity-linked instruments. It aims to earn higher long-term returns than its benchmark ("Benchmark"), which is comprised of 60% MSCI World Index with net dividends reinvested and 40% JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index ("JPM GBI"), (together, "60/40 Index") each in US dollars.

Growth of US\$10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



The Shared Investor RRF Class (A) inception on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above), but the Class continued to charge the fee that the Investor Share Class would have charged, reduced by 0.3% per annum,² from inception to 8 Sep 2022. Information for the Fund for the period before the inception of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) relates to the Investor Share Class.

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Annualised		<i>Net</i>	<i>Gross</i>
Since Fund inception	7.2	3.8	6.2
10 years	5.5	3.0	5.2
5 years	9.4	3.5	5.8
Class		Peer group	Benchmark
Since Class inception	14.3	5.6	7.6
3 years	7.2	0.2	1.3
1 year	15.2	9.2	11.1
Not annualised			
Calendar year to date	7.7	4.2	5.0
3 months	1.4	0.8	0.8
1 month	0.0		1.2
		Year	Net %
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception		2013	24.8
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception		2018	(15.2)

Risk Measures,¹ since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	29	18	23
Months to recovery	37	>30 ³	30
% recovered	100	94	100
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	11.9	8.0	9.8
Beta vs World Index	0.7	0.5	0.7
Tracking error vs Benchmark (%)	6.4	2.8	0.0

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.

See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

¹ Fund data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the Investor Share Class.

Price	US\$22.16	Benchmark	60/40 Index
Pricing currency	US dollars	Peer group	Average Global Balanced Fund Index
Domicile	Luxembourg	Fund size	US\$3.9 billion
Type	SICAV	Fund inception	1 January 2013
Minimum investment	US\$50,000	Strategy size	US\$4.3 billion
Dealing	Daily	Strategy inception	1 January 2013
Entry/exit fees	None	Class inception	14 May 2020
ISIN	LU2122430783	UCITS compliant	Yes

Asset and Currency Allocation⁴ (%)

	United States	Europe ex-UK	UK	Japan	Other	Emerging Markets	Total
<i>Fund</i>							
Gross Equity	19	13	13	9	7	17	77
Net Equity	8	8	12	9	6	16	59
Gross Fixed Income	12	2	0	0	0	3	17
Net Fixed Income	12	2	0	0	0	3	17
Commodity-Linked							6
Total	30	14	13	9	7	20	100
Currency	22	25	12	17	11	12	100
<i>Benchmark</i>							
Equity	43	8	2	3	3	0	60
Fixed Income	20	10	2	6	1	0	40
Total	63	17	5	10	5	0	100

Top 10 Holdings

	Sector	%
SPDR® Gold Trust	Commodity-Linked	6.1
Samsung Electronics	Information Technology	4.5
Kinder Morgan	Energy	3.4
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	Information Technology	3.4
Mitsubishi Heavy Industries	Industrials	2.7
US TIPS 5 - 7 Years	Inflation-Linked Government Bond	2.6
Nintendo	Communication Services	2.4
Shell	Energy	2.1
Burford Capital	Financials	2.1
US TIPS 3 - 5 Years	Inflation-Linked Government Bond	1.9
Total		31.2

Portfolio Characteristics

Total number of holdings	113
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	49
12 month name turnover (%)	29

	Fund	Equity	Fixed Income
Active Share (%)	97	97	94

Fixed Income Characteristics

	Fund	JPM GBI
Duration (years) ⁵	4.1	6.8
Yield to Maturity (%) ⁵	4.3	3.6

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Ongoing charges	0.90
Base fee	0.80
Fund expenses	0.10
Performance fee/(refund)	1.18
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	2.08

As at 30 Jun 2024, performance fees of 1.6% of the Class' NAV were available for refund in the event of subsequent underperformance.

² This 0.3% per annum reduction was provided because investors in the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) are subject to an additional administrative fee, as they separately agree with Allan Gray Proprietary Limited (or one of its affiliates) from time to time.

³ Number of months since the start of the drawdown. This drawdown is not yet recovered.

⁴ Regions other than Emerging Markets include only Developed countries.

⁵ Real effective duration and yield to maturity are used for inflation-linked bonds. Please refer to Notices for further details.

Orbis SICAV Global Balanced Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Manager	Orbis Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited
Fund Inception date	1 January 2013
Class Inception date (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	14 May 2020
Number of shares (Shared Investor RRF Class (A))	15,448,735
Income distributions during the last 12 months	None

Fund Objective and Benchmark

The Fund seeks to balance investment returns and risk of loss with a diversified global portfolio of equities, fixed income instruments and commodity-linked instruments. It aims for higher long-term returns than its designated combined equity and bond performance benchmark, which is comprised of 60% MSCI World Index with net dividends reinvested and 40% JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index, each expressed in US\$ (the “60/40 Index” or “benchmark”).

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund’s Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and invests in equities, fixed income instruments and commodity-linked instruments. Fund weightings among the different asset classes are determined based on their appreciation, income and risk of loss potential, with appropriate diversification.

Equities. The Investment Manager targets the Fund to hold 40-90% of its net asset value in a pool of global equities, including some which may provide exposure to real estate. The Fund invests in shares considered to offer fundamental value and dividend paying potential that is superior to its benchmark. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity’s fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes the main risk of investing in equities is that their prices will decline if relevant stockmarkets fall significantly. To reduce this risk, when Orbis’ research suggests that stockmarkets are overvalued and vulnerable, the Investment Manager may reduce exposure to, or hedge, stockmarket risk. When Orbis’ research suggests that stockmarkets represent good value, the Investment Manager may increase exposure to stockmarket risk by decreasing the amount of that hedging. The Investment Manager intends to limit the Fund’s exposure to stockmarkets net of hedging to 75% of its net asset value. Furthermore, the Fund may buy and sell exchange-traded equity call and put options for investment efficiency purposes, but only to the extent the Fund is capable of meeting its payment or delivery obligations related to such options, for example, by holding the underlying security.

Fixed Income Instruments. The Investment Manager targets the Fund to hold 10-50% of its net asset value in fixed income instruments issued by corporate bodies, governments and other entities. These are selected – like equities – with the aim of increasing the Fund’s overall risk-adjusted return. Characteristics such as yield, liquidity and potential diversification benefits are viewed in the context of the risk and reward of the portfolio as a whole. When Orbis’ research suggests that bond markets are overvalued and vulnerable, the Investment Manager may reduce exposure to, or hedge, bond market risk. When Orbis’ research suggests that bond markets represent stronger value, the Investment Manager may increase exposure to bond market risk by decreasing the amount of that hedging. The Investment Manager intends to limit aggregate hedging of the Fund’s stockmarket and bond market exposure to no more than 30% of its net asset value. Importantly, the Investment Manager may cause the Fund to be over this hedging target, at times meaningfully so and/or for extended periods of time where it considers this to be in the best interest of the Fund. The Fund’s fixed income selections in aggregate may differ significantly from the benchmark in duration and credit quality and may include securities of issuers that are under bankruptcy or similar judicial reorganisation, notably distressed debt. In addition, the Fund may invest in money market instruments, cash, cash equivalents and high yield bonds.

Commodity-linked Instruments. The Investment Manager targets the Fund to hold 0-10% of its net asset value in commodity-linked instruments, which may provide the Fund with indirect exposure to commodities. The Fund will gain exposure to commodities if the Investment Manager’s investment research process identifies a commodity or class of commodities as being more attractive than overall equity and fixed income opportunities, taking into account any risk reduction benefits of diversification.

Exchange rate fluctuations significantly influence global investment returns. For this reason, part of Orbis’ research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, Orbis actively reviews the Fund’s currency exposure. In doing so, it places particular focus on managing the Fund’s exposure to those currencies less likely to hold their long-term value.

The Investment Manager may cause the Fund to be under or over the asset allocation and hedging targets and limits described above where it considers this to be in the best interest of the Fund. The Fund’s holdings may deviate meaningfully from the 60/40 Index.

The net returns of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from its inception on 14 May 2020, stitched with the net returns of the Investor Share Class from the Fund’s inception to 14 May 2020, have outperformed the Performance Fee Benchmark of the classes. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its long-term objective.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund’s Prospectus, the Fund’s various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Manager’s and Investment Manager’s interests with those of investors in the Fund.

The Shared Investor RRF Class (A)’s management fee is charged as follows:

- **Base Fee:** Calculated and accrued daily at a rate of 0.8% per annum of the Class’ net asset value. Investors separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates.
- **Refundable Performance Fee:** When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and an additional 0.3% per annum, which is deemed to be representative of the aforementioned administrative fee) beats the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the outperformance is paid into a reserve and reinvested into the Fund. If the value of the reserve is positive on any dealing day, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee in an amount capped at the lesser of an annualised rate of (a) one-third of the reserve’s net asset value and (b) 2.5% of the net asset value of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). Fees paid from the reserve to the Investment Manager are not available to be refunded as described below.

When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and the aforementioned additional 0.3% per annum) trails the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the underperformance is refunded from the reserve to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). If at any time sufficient value does not exist in the reserve to provide the refund, a reserve recovery mark is set, and subsequent underperformance is tracked. Such relative losses must be recovered before any outperformance results in any payment to the reserve.

Prior to 8 Sep 2022, the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) charged the fee that the Investor Share Class would have charged, reduced by 0.3% per annum. Numerous investors switched to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from the Investor Share Class. This temporary measure ensured that the fees paid by investors accounted for underperformance experienced by the Investor Share Class before the inception date of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A).

Please review the Fund’s prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund’s other share classes.

Orbis SICAV Global Balanced Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (A)”)

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

The relevant class within the Fund bears all expenses payable by such class, which shall include but not be limited to fees payable to its Manager, Investment Manager and additional services providers, fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining governmental registrations, taxes, duties and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets. However, the Manager and the Investment Manager have agreed that in the current calendar year, except for specified exclusions, operating expenses attributable to the Fund's Shared Investor RRF Class (A) will be capped at 0.20%. Please refer to the Fund's Prospectus for a description of the fee cap applicable to its other share classes. Each cap will be automatically extended for further successive one year periods unless terminated by the Manager or the Investment Manager at least three months prior to the end of the then current term. The operating expenses that are capped are all expenses, excluding the Manager's and Investment Managers' fees described above under "Management Fee," the cost of buying and selling assets, interest and brokerage charges, and certain taxes.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.40% of the net asset value of the Fund's shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Investment Manager aims to contain the risk of monetary loss to a level that is below the risk of loss experienced by global equity funds but higher than that experienced by government bond funds and cash deposits over the long term. Investors should be aware that this expected reduction in risk of loss comes at the expense of long-term expected return.
- While the Investment Manager expects the Fund's investment approach to result in volatility below that of a typical global equity fund, the Fund's net asset value will fluctuate, and the Fund will experience periods of volatility and negative returns; investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an investment's attractiveness over a three-to-five year time horizon.

Changes in the Fund's Top 10 Holdings

31 March 2024	%	30 June 2024	%
SPDR® Gold Trust	5.6	SPDR® Gold Trust	6.1
Samsung Electronics	4.6	Samsung Electronics	4.5
Kinder Morgan	3.3	Kinder Morgan	3.4
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	3.0	Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	3.4
US TIPS 5 - 7 Years	2.6	Mitsubishi Heavy Industries	2.7
Mitsubishi Heavy Industries	2.5	US TIPS 5 - 7 Years	2.6
Burford Capital	2.5	Nintendo	2.4
Nintendo	2.3	Shell	2.1
Micron Technology	1.9	Burford Capital	2.1
Shell	1.9	US TIPS 3 - 5 Years	1.9
Total	30.3	Total	31.2

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.

Orbis SICAV Global Balanced Fund

Orbis SICAV Semi-Annual Report

This report contains only some of the information included in the semi-annual report of the Orbis SICAV (the “Company”) as at 30 June 2024. The semi-annual report will be available upon request and free of charge at the registered office of the Company within two months following 30 June.

Average Global Balanced Fund Index Change

From July 2024 we will be discontinuing our use of Morningstar’s USD Flexible Allocation peer group and will instead be using Morningstar’s USD Moderate Allocation peer group data as we consider the latter category to be more appropriate given the Fund’s strategy. Reports dated July 2024 or later will reflect this update retrospectively for all periods.

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund’s Depository is Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch, 31 Z.A. Bourmicht, L-8070 Bertrange, Luxembourg. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund’s Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the Investor Share Class(es), on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (b) on the last business day of each month and/or (c) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a) or (b), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund’s prospectus) without notice. Share prices are calculated for the (i) Standard Share Class(es), (ii) Standard Share Class(es) (A), (iii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) and (iv) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) (A) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each business day and/or (b) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund’s prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund’s current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated every dealing day, are available:

- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es) (A) and Standard Share Class(es) (A), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited’s website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es), Standard Share Class(es), and Investor Share Class(es), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Weekly prices can be obtained via e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a \$10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Neither the Manager nor the Investment Manager provides any guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund’s returns. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors’ performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case of transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund’s net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund’s Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided “as is” and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Information

The benchmark is a composite index consisting of the MSCI World Index with net dividends reinvested (60%) and the JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index (40%).

Net Equity is Gross Equity minus stockmarket hedging. Fixed Income refers to fixed income instruments issued by corporate bodies, governments and other entities, such as bonds, money market instruments and cash. Net Fixed Income is Gross Fixed Income minus bond market hedging. Except where otherwise noted, government fixed income securities are aggregated by time to maturity and issuer. TIPS are not aggregated with ordinary treasuries.

Duration is calculated using the modified duration of the fixed income instruments in the portfolio, or the effective duration in the case of fixed income instruments with embedded options and real effective duration in the case of inflation-linked bonds. Yield to Maturity (“YTM”) for the Fund and the JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index is the average of the portfolio’s fixed income instruments’ YTM, weighted by their net asset value. Real YTM is used for inflation-linked bonds. The calculations are gross and exclude non-performing fixed income instruments.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund’s Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

The 60/40 Index values are calculated by Orbis using end of day index level values licensed from MSCI (“MSCI Data”) and J.P. Morgan. For the avoidance of doubt, MSCI is not the benchmark “administrator” for, or a “contributor”, “submitter” or “supervised contributor” to, the blended returns, and the MSCI Data is not considered a “contribution” or “submission” in relation to the blended returns, as those terms may be defined in any rules, laws, regulations, legislation or international standards. MSCI Data is provided “as is” without warranty or liability and no copying or distribution is permitted. MSCI does not make any representation regarding the advisability of any investment or strategy and does not sponsor, promote, issue, sell or otherwise recommend or endorse any investment or strategy, including any financial products or strategies based on, tracking or otherwise utilising any MSCI Data, models, analytics or other materials or information. JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index (the “JPM GBI”): Information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but J.P. Morgan does not warrant its completeness or accuracy. The JPM GBI is used with permission. Copyright 2024, J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. All rights reserved. The 60/40 Index may not be copied, used, or distributed without prior written approval.

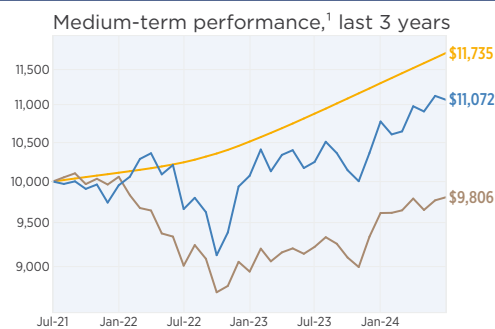
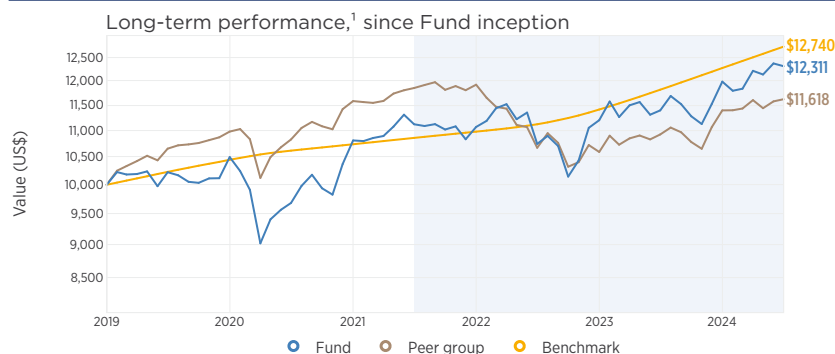
Average Fund data source: © 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights Reserved. Such information (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. The latest average fund indices provided by Morningstar are for 20 June 2024. To allow comparison of returns to a common date we have extended the average equity and multi-asset class fund indices to reflect the subsequent movement of the applicable benchmark indices. Average fund returns are not shown for periods of a month or less as high price volatility and late fund reporting regularly cause them to be significantly restated by Morningstar.

Orbis SICAV Global Cautious Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (C) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (C)")

The Fund is actively managed and seeks to apply a cautious balance between investment returns and risk of loss with a diversified global portfolio of equities, fixed income instruments and commodity-linked instruments. The performance fee benchmark ("Benchmark") of the Class is US\$ Bank Deposits plus two (2) percentage points ("US\$ Bank Deposits + 2%").

Growth of US\$10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



Return information through to the Class inception date on 29 February 2024 is based on the returns that would have resulted from an investment in the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) at Fund inception with no subsequent transactions, if the Class had existed then. Returns from that date are actual returns of that Class.

Returns¹ (%)

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Annualised		<i>Net</i>	<i>Gross</i>
Since Fund inception	3.9	2.8	4.5
5 years	3.8	1.7	4.5
3 years	3.5	(0.7)	5.5
1 year	8.1	6.4	7.8
Not annualised			
Calendar year to date	2.8	2.0	3.8
3 months	0.8	0.2	1.9
1 month	(0.5)		0.6

	Year	Net %
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception	2023	7.0
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception	2022	1.2

Risk Measures,¹ since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	14	14	0
Months to recovery	12	>34 ²	n/a
% recovered	100	79	n/a
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	9.1	6.4	0.6

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Ongoing charges	0.80
Base fee	0.60
Fund expenses	0.20
Performance fee/(refund)	0.00
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.80

The Total Expense Ratio calculation assumes an investment was made at Fund inception in the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) with no subsequent transactions, even though such a Class did not exist at that date. The actual fees & expenses of the Class for the last 12 months will be shown once it has a 12 month track record.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk. See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

Price	US\$12.41	Benchmark	US\$ Bank Deposits + 2%
Pricing currency	US dollars	Peer Group	Average Global Cautious Fund Index
Domicile	Luxembourg	Fund size	US\$24.8 million
Type	SICAV	Fund inception	1 January 2019
Minimum Investment	US\$50,000	Strategy size	US\$155 million
Dealing	Daily	Strategy inception	1 January 2019
Entry/exit fees	None	Class inception	29 February 2024
ISIN	LU2729849211	UCITS compliant	Yes

Asset and Currency Allocation³ (%)

	United States	UK	Europe ex-UK	Japan	Other	Emerging Markets	Total
Gross Equity	11	9	6	5	4	10	46
Net Equity	1	8	3	4	4	8	28
Gross Fixed Income	38	5	2	0	0	2	46
Net Fixed Income	38	5	2	0	0	2	46
Commodity-Linked							8
Total	49	14	8	5	5	12	100
Currency	35	13	24	15	7	7	100

Top 10 Holdings

	Sector	%
US TIPS 1 - 3 Years	Inflation-Linked Government Bond	10.1
SPDR® Gold Trust	Commodity-Linked	8.0
US Treasuries 1 - 3 Years	Government Bond	7.3
US TIPS 3 - 5 Years	Inflation-Linked Government Bond	6.2
US TIPS 5 - 7 Years	Inflation-Linked Government Bond	6.1
Samsung Electronics	Information Technology	2.8
UK Gilts < 1 Year	Government Bond	2.8
Kinder Morgan	Energy	2.8
US Treasuries < 1 Year	Government Bond	2.1
Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	Information Technology	1.7
Total		49.8

Portfolio Characteristics

Total number of holdings	101
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	43
12 month name turnover (%)	32

Fixed Income Characteristics

Duration (years) ⁴	2.7
Yield to Maturity (%) ⁴	3.8

¹ Fund data through to the Class inception date on 29 February 2024 assumes an investment was made at Fund inception in the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) with no subsequent transactions, even though such a Class did not exist at that date.

² Number of months since the start of the drawdown. This drawdown is not yet recovered.

³ Regions other than Emerging Markets include only Developed countries.

⁴ Real effective duration and yield to maturity are used for inflation-linked bonds. Please refer to Notices for further details.

Orbis SICAV Global Cautious Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (C) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (C)”)

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Manager	Orbis Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited
Fund Inception date	1 January 2019
Class Inception date (Shared Investor RRF Class (C))	29 February 2024
Number of shares (Shared Investor RRF Class (C))	45,049
Income distributions during the last 12 months	None

Fund Objective and Benchmark

The Fund seeks to apply a cautious balance between investment returns and risk of loss with a diversified global portfolio of equities, fixed income instruments and commodity-linked instruments. It aims for higher long-term returns than its Fund Benchmark. The Fund Benchmark, against which the Fund’s long-term returns are measured, is comprised of 30% MSCI World Index with net dividends reinvested and 70% JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index, each expressed in US\$ (the “Fund Benchmark” or the “30/70 Index”). The Performance Fee Benchmark of the Shared Investor RRF Class (C), which is used to calculate performance fees for that Class, is US\$ Bank Deposits plus two (2) percentage points (the “Performance Fee Benchmark”).

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund’s Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and invests in equities, fixed income instruments and commodity-linked instruments. Fund weightings among the different asset classes are determined based on their appreciation, income and risk of loss potential, with appropriate diversification.

Equities. The Investment Manager targets the Fund to hold 10-60% of its net asset value in a pool of global equities, including some which may provide exposure to real estate. The Fund invests in shares considered to offer fundamental value and dividend paying potential that is superior to the Fund Benchmark. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity’s fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes the main risk of investing in equities is that their prices will decline if relevant stockmarkets fall significantly. To reduce this risk, when Orbis’ research suggests that stockmarkets are overvalued and vulnerable, the Investment Manager may reduce exposure to, or hedge, stockmarket risk. When Orbis’ research suggests that stockmarkets represent good value, the Investment Manager may increase exposure to stockmarket risk by decreasing the amount of that hedging. The Investment Manager intends to limit the Fund’s exposure to stockmarkets net of hedging to between 0-40% of its net asset value. Furthermore, the Fund may buy and sell exchange-traded equity call and put options for investment efficiency purposes, but only to the extent the Fund is capable of meeting its payment or delivery obligations related to such options, for example, by holding the underlying security.

Fixed Income Instruments. The Investment Manager targets the Fund to hold 30-90% of its net asset value in fixed income instruments issued by corporate bodies, governments and other entities (potentially including a limited amount of distressed, or similar, debt). These are selected – like equities – with the aim of increasing the Fund’s overall risk-adjusted return. Characteristics such as yield, liquidity and potential diversification benefits are viewed in the context of the risk and reward of the portfolio as a whole. When Orbis’ research suggests that bond markets are overvalued and vulnerable, the Investment Manager may reduce exposure to, or hedge, bond market risk. When Orbis’ research suggests that bond markets represent stronger value, the Investment Manager may increase exposure to bond market risk by decreasing the amount of that hedging. The Investment Manager intends to limit aggregate hedging of the Fund’s stockmarket and bond market exposure to no more than 40% of its net asset value. The Fund’s fixed income selections in aggregate may differ significantly from the Fund Benchmark in duration and credit quality and may include securities of issuers that are under bankruptcy or similar judicial reorganisation, notably distressed debt. In addition, the Fund may invest in money market instruments, cash, cash equivalents and high yield bonds.

Commodity-linked Instruments. The Investment Manager targets the Fund to hold 0-20% of its net asset value in commodity-linked instruments, which may provide the Fund with indirect exposure to commodities.

The Fund will gain exposure to commodities if the Investment Manager’s investment research process identifies a commodity or class of commodities as being more attractive than overall equity and fixed income opportunities, taking into account any risk reduction benefits of diversification.

Exchange rate fluctuations significantly influence global investment returns. For this reason, part of Orbis’ research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, Orbis actively reviews the Fund’s currency exposure. In doing so, it places particular focus on managing the Fund’s exposure to those currencies less likely to hold their long-term value.

The Investment Manager may cause the Fund to be under or over the asset allocation and hedging targets and limits described above, at times meaningfully so and/or for extended periods of time, where it considers this to be in the best interest of the Fund. The Fund does not seek to mirror the investment universe of the Fund Benchmark. Its holdings may deviate meaningfully from the Fund Benchmark’s.

The net returns that would have resulted from an investment in the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) at Fund inception with no subsequent transactions, if the Class had existed then, stitched with the actual returns of the share class after the Class inception date, have underperformed the Performance Fee Benchmark of the Class since Fund inception. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its long-term objective.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund’s Prospectus, the Fund’s various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Manager’s and Investment Manager’s interests with those of investors in the Fund.

The Shared Investor RRF Class (C)’s management fee is charged as follows:

- **Base Fee:** Calculated and accrued daily at a rate of 0.6% per annum of the Class’ net asset value. Investors separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates.
- **Refundable Performance Fee:** When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) (after deducting the Base Fee and an additional 0.3% per annum, which is deemed to be representative of the aforementioned administrative fee) beats the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the outperformance is paid into a reserve and reinvested into the Fund. If the value of the reserve is positive on any dealing day, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee in an amount capped at the lesser of an annualised rate of (a) one-third of the reserve’s net asset value and (b) 2.5% of the net asset value of the Shared Investor RRF Class (C). Fees paid from the reserve to the Investment Manager are not available to be refunded as described below.

When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) (after deducting the Base Fee and the aforementioned additional 0.3% per annum) trails the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the underperformance is refunded from the reserve to the Shared Investor RRF Class (C). If at any time sufficient value does not exist in the reserve to provide the refund, a reserve recovery mark is set, and subsequent underperformance is tracked. Such relative losses must be recovered before any outperformance results in any payment to the reserve.

Please review the Fund’s prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund’s other share classes.

Orbis SICAV Global Cautious Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (C) (“Shared Investor RRF Class (C)”)

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

The relevant class within the Fund bears all expenses payable by such class, which shall include but not be limited to fees payable to its Manager, Investment Manager and additional services providers, fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining governmental registrations, taxes, duties and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets. However, the Manager and the Investment Manager have agreed that in the current calendar year, except for specified exclusions, operating expenses attributable to the Fund’s Shared Investor RRF Class (C) will be capped at 0.20%. The cap will be automatically extended for further successive one year periods unless terminated by the Manager or the Investment Manager at least three months prior to the end of the then current term. The operating expenses that are capped are all expenses, excluding the Manager’s and Investment Managers’ fees described above under “Management Fee,” the cost of buying and selling assets, interest and brokerage charges, and certain taxes. Please refer to the Fund’s Prospectus for a description of the expense cap or expense coverage cap applicable to its other share classes. Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.40% of the net asset value of the Fund’s shares being acquired or redeemed. The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. The TER for the Class assumes an investment was made at Fund inception in the Shared Investor RRF Class (C) with no subsequent transactions, even though such class did not exist at that date. The actual fees & expenses of the Class for the last 12 months will be shown once it has a 12 month track record. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Investment Manager aims to contain the risk of monetary loss to a level that is below the risk of loss experienced by global equity funds but higher than that experienced by government bond funds and cash deposits over the long term. Investors should be aware that this expected reduction in risk of loss comes at the expense of long-term expected return.
- While the Investment Manager expects the Fund’s investment approach to result in volatility below that of a typical global equity or global balanced fund, the Fund’s net asset value will fluctuate, and the Fund will experience periods of volatility and negative returns; investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an investment’s attractiveness over a three-to-five year time horizon.

Changes in the Fund’s Top 10 Holdings

31 March 2024	%	30 June 2024	%
US TIPS 1 - 3 Years	9.5	US TIPS 1 - 3 Years	10.1
SPDR® Gold Trust	7.3	SPDR® Gold Trust	8.0
US TIPS 3 - 5 Years	6.4	US Treasuries 1 - 3 Years	7.3
US TIPS 5 - 7 Years	6.2	US TIPS 3 - 5 Years	6.2
US Treasuries 1 - 3 Years	4.7	US TIPS 5 - 7 Years	6.1
Samsung Electronics	2.9	Samsung Electronics	2.8
UK Gilts 1 - 3 Years	2.8	UK Gilts < 1 Year	2.8
Kinder Morgan	2.8	Kinder Morgan	2.8
US Treasuries < 1 Year	2.8	US Treasuries < 1 Year	2.1
Burford Capital	1.8	Taiwan Semiconductor Mfg.	1.7
Total	47.3	Total	49.8

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor’s capital is at risk.

Orbis SICAV Global Cautious Fund

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund's Depositary is Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch, 31 Z.A. Bourmicht, L-8070 Bertrange, Luxembourg. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund's Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the (i) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (B) and (ii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (C) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each business day and/or (b) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund's prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund's current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated every dealing day, are available:

- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class (C), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited's website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class (B), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Weekly prices can be obtained via e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a \$10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Neither the Manager nor the Investment Manager provides any guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund's returns. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors' performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case of transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund's net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund's Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided "as is" and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Information

The Fund Benchmark is a composite index consisting of the MSCI World Index with net dividends reinvested (30%) and the JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index (70%), expressed in US\$. The Performance Fee Benchmark of the Shared Investor RRF Share Class (B) and Shared Investor RRF Share Class (C) is US\$ Bank Deposits plus two (2) percentage points, expressed in US\$. The Total Rate of Return for Bank Deposits is the compounded total return for one-month interbank deposits in the specified currency.

Net Equity is Gross Equity minus stockmarket hedging. Fixed Income refers to fixed income instruments issued by corporate bodies, governments and other entities, such as bonds, money market instruments and cash. Net Fixed Income is Gross Fixed Income minus bond market hedging. Except where otherwise noted, government fixed income securities are aggregated by time to maturity and issuer. TIPS are not aggregated with ordinary treasuries.

Duration is calculated using the modified duration of the fixed income instruments in the portfolio, or the effective duration in the case of fixed income instruments with embedded options and real effective duration in the case of inflation-linked bonds. Yield to Maturity ("YTM") for the Fund is the average of the portfolio's fixed income instruments' YTM, weighted by their net asset value. Real YTM is used for inflation-linked bonds. The calculations are gross and exclude non-performing fixed income instruments.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund's Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

Fund Benchmark data source: The 30/70 Index values are calculated by Orbis using end of day index level values licensed from MSCI ("MSCI Data") and J.P. Morgan. For the avoidance of doubt, MSCI is not the benchmark "administrator" for, or a "contributor", "submitter" or "supervised contributor" to, the blended returns, and the MSCI Data is not considered a "contribution" or "submission" in relation to the blended returns, as those terms may be defined in any rules, laws, regulations, legislation or international standards. MSCI Data is provided "as is" without warranty or liability and no copying or distribution is permitted. MSCI does not make any representation regarding the advisability of any investment or strategy and does not sponsor, promote, issue, sell or otherwise recommend or endorse any investment or strategy, including any financial products or strategies based on, tracking or otherwise utilising any MSCI Data, models, analytics or other materials or information. JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index (the "JPM GBI"): Information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but J.P. Morgan does not warrant its completeness or accuracy. The JPM GBI is used with permission. Copyright 2024, J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. All rights reserved. The 30/70 Index may not be copied, used, or distributed without prior written approval.

Average Fund data source: © 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights Reserved. Such information (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. The latest average fund indices provided by Morningstar are for 20 June 2024. To allow comparison of returns to a common date we have extended the average equity and multi-asset class fund indices to reflect the subsequent movement of the applicable benchmark indices. Average fund returns are not shown for periods of a month or less as high price volatility and late fund reporting regularly cause them to be significantly restated by Morningstar.

Notes to Help You Understand This Report

Certain capitalised terms are defined in the Glossary section of the Orbis Funds' respective Prospectuses, copies of which are available upon request from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited, a Member of the Association for Savings & Investments SA. The country and currency classification for securities follows that of third-party providers for comparability purposes. Emerging Markets follows MSCI classification when available and includes Frontier Markets. Emerging Markets currency exposure is based on currency denomination. Based on a number of factors including the location of the underlying business, Orbis may consider a security's classification to be different and manage the Funds' exposures accordingly. Totals presented in this Report may not sum due to rounding.

Risk measures are ex-post and calculated on a monthly return series. Months to recovery measures the number of months from the preceding peak in performance to recovery of that level of performance.

12 month portfolio turnover for the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds is calculated as the lesser of total security purchases or sales in the Fund over the period, divided by the average net asset value (NAV) of the Fund. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term government securities are not included.

12 month name turnover for the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds is calculated as the number of positions held by the Fund at the start of the period but no longer held at the end of the period, divided by the total number of positions held by the Fund at the start of the period.

Active share is a measure of the extent to which the holdings of the Orbis Equity and Balanced Funds differ from their respective benchmark's holdings. It is calculated by summing the absolute value of the differences of the weight of each individual security in the specific Orbis Fund, versus the weight of each holding in the respective benchmark index, and dividing by two. For the Balanced Funds, three calculations of active share are disclosed. The Portfolio active share incorporates the equity, fixed income, commodity-linked and other securities (as applicable) held by the Orbis Fund and compares those to the holdings of the composite benchmark. The Equity and Fixed Income active shares are calculated as if the equity and fixed income portions of the Orbis Funds are independent funds; each of those two sets of holdings is separately compared to the fully-weighted holdings in the appropriate component of the composite benchmark. Although the Balanced Funds hedge stock and bond market exposure, the active share calculations are "gross" and not adjusted to reflect the hedging in place at any point in time.

Benchmark related information is as at the date of production based on data provided by the official benchmark and/or third party data providers. There may be timing differences between the date at which data is captured and reported.

The total expense ratio has been calculated using the expenses, excluding trading costs, and average net assets for the 12 month period ending 30 June 2024.

Orbis SICAV Funds: The Fund expenses exclude portfolio transaction costs. The performance related management fee becomes payable to Orbis on each Dealing Day as defined in the Funds' Prospectus.

Additional Notices

This is a marketing communication for the purposes of the Bermuda Monetary Authority's investment business rules and ESMA guidelines on marketing materials. You should consider the relevant offering documents including the Fund Prospectus and Key Information document (for a SICAV Fund) before making any final investment decisions. These offering documents are available in English on our website (www.orbis.com). Please refer to the respective Fund's Prospectus for full information on the risks associated with investing.

Investors in a SICAV Fund can obtain a summary of their investor rights in English on our website (www.orbis.com). When investing in the Orbis Funds an investor acquires shares within the Fund and not in the underlying assets held within the Fund. The return of your investment may change as a result of currency fluctuations if the return is calculated in a currency different from the currency shown in this Report.